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Indonesian Battle At Ooty

SOVIET SUPPORT FOR INDIA'S STAND

U.S. & U.K. Lead Opposition: Sub-Committee To Explore Compromise Formula

OOTACAMUND, June 2 (API): Political clouds cast their shadow over the U. N. Economic Commission when it entered on its business agenda here today.

Within an hour of its sitting, the Commission was called upon to decide whether the Indonesian Republic should be represented directly on it as an Associate Member and the discussion—which ultimately centered on whether the Indonesian Republic could have foreign relations independent of the Netherlands Government—showed an East-West cleavage, with Russia siding with the East.

INDIA'S SUPPORTERS

India who sponsored the cause of the Indonesian Republic was supported by Burma, Pakistan, Russia, Ceylon, Australia and Newzealand—the latter two countries qualifying their support by a suggestion of "provisional" membership for the Republic.

Netherlands, which asked for membership for the whole of Indonesia, was supported by France, the United Kingdom and the United States.

Dr. Shyamaprasad Mukherjee, on behalf of India, in a most cogently-worded speech, firmly proposed immediate admission of the Indonesian Republic to Associate Membership. He maintained that this would not imply prejudging of a political issue and invoked the precedent set by the International Trade Organisation at Havanna which admitted the right to the 'de facto' Government of the Indonesian Republic to membership.

The head of the American delegation, Dr. Henry Grady, also gave powerful support to the Dutch argument and even hinted that if a precedent was set by admission of the Indonesian Republic, Hyderabad might also claim right of admission on similar grounds.

REFERRED TO SUB-COMMITTEE

Eventually, on the suggestion of the Chinese Delegate, Mr. C. M. Li, a sub-Committee of three consisting of India, China and the Netherlands was appointed to report on the question within 3 days with instructions to try and arrive at a compromise between the Netherlands and the Indian points of view.

The discussion was maintained at a high parliamentary level.

BID FOR SETTLEMENT

The speeches of many of the delegates indicated a keen desire on both sides to reach a settlement of this question which has been pending before the Commission since its Baguio session.

Another point which foreshadowed a controversy towards the end of the day was raised by the Russian delegate M. Novikov who asked why south Korea (controlled by the United States) had been invited as an observer. He suggested that this tended to divide Korea.

The Executive Secretary, Dr. P. S. Lokanathan, said that invitations to observers from Japan and north and south Korea had been extended in accordance with the ECAFE's resolution but that no reply had been received from north Korea.

Proceedings In Detail

The question of admitting the Indonesian Republic as an Associate Member—a subject which had eluded solution at the ECAFE's previous session at Baguio—came up before the United Nations Economic Commission for Asia and Far-East when it resumed its sitting here today. The problem arose within an hour of the meeting entering on its business agenda.

Dr. John Matthai, newly elected Chairman of the Commission, in a brief speech set out before the Commission the history of this question and also the powers of the Commission in the matter of taking a decision on this.

NETHERLAND'S CONTENTION

The leader of the Netherland's Delegation, Prof. Gelissen renewing his delegation's application for Associate Membership for the whole of Indonesia, contended that any application by or on behalf of the Government of the Indonesian Republic for a separate Associate Membership of the ECAFE would be in conflict with the terms of reference of the ECAFE, and therefore should not be taken up for consideration.

He reminded the Commission about the long debates held at Baguio when, supported by certain other members of the Commission, the Netherlands delegation had argued that only the Government of the King-

(Continued on Page 5)

U.N.O. Kashmir Commission

Name Of American Nominee Submitted To Senate

LAKE SUCCESS, June 2. (Reuter): With the appointment of the American member to-day, subject to the Senate's ratification, the Kashmir Commission is complete.

But it still lacks one of its most important members, the Principal Secretary to be appointed by the United Nations Secretariat.

M. Trygve Lie, Secretary-General, is having difficulty in finding the right man, as the ranks of leading secretariat officials has been severely drained by other commissions.

There is no indication here at present when the Commission is likely to start on its way. The first official meeting is scheduled in Geneva, but it is likely that some of the members may meet informally in London on their way to Switzerland.

President Truman sent to the Senate today the nomination of Mr. Jerome Klahr Huddle to be United States Representative on the United Nations Security Council's Kashmir Commission.

Mr. Huddle, who is 57 years of age, is at present American Ambassador in Burma. He will serve in the Commission while continuing his post as Ambassador.

COCHIN PRIME MINISTER SEES SARDAR PATEL

NEW DELHI, June 2. (A.P.I.): Mr. T. K. Nayar, Premier of Cochin State and Mr. C. J. Mathew, Chief Secretary to Cochin Government called on Sardar Patel yesterday afternoon at Dehra Dun and had a long interview with him.

They returned to Delhi from Dehra Dun this morning and had further interview with Mr. V. P. Menon and discussed with him matters concerning the State.

Martyrs Of Imphal

Move To Raise Monument To Netaji's Men Who Fell In Freedom Struggle

NEW DELHI, June 2 (UPI): There is a proposal to erect a monument in memory of those martyrs who fought and fell in the struggle for freedom under the leadership of Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose in the year 1942 on the Indo-Burma front. This monument will be situated on the Indo-Burma border at Imphal in the province of Assam the place which was captured by the Indian National Army from the British and where the tri-colour was hoisted by the Azad Hind Fauz.

Arrangements in this connection are being made by the I.N.A. Relief and Enquiry Committee, it is learnt. The Committee, it is learnt, has been able to collect the bones and remains of some of those who fell fighting on that front.

INDIA GOVERNMENT'S LOAN FULLY SUBSCRIBED

NEW DELHI, June 2 (API): The 2-3/4 per cent loan, 1962 (second issue), was fully subscribed and closed on June 1, 1948, says a Press Communique.

DEATH SENTENCE FOR RAGHBIR SINGH

For Murder Of Evacuee Camp Officer

NEW DELHI, June 2. (A.P.I.): Havaldar Raghbir Singh of the 10/6 Rajputana Rifles was sentenced to death by the Sessions Judge, Delhi for the murder of Mr. S. K. Misra of the Indian Administrative Services during October last when the deceased was acting as an Assistant Commandant of the Muslim evacuees camp at the Nizamuddin and Humayun Tomb area.

The other accused, Birbal Singh, a sepoy of the same regiment was given the benefit of doubt and acquitted.

The prosecution alleged that on Octobepr 20, Mr. Misra was supervising the arrangements for the boarding of the passengers in trains bound for Pakistan. A Muslim evacuee complained to him that a military officer had snatched his cycle from him. Mr. Misra went to the accused, Havaldar Raghbir Singh, and asked him why he had done so. The accused instead of returning the cycle, arrested Mr. Misra and marched him to the guards room outside the Nizamuddin railway station. A few minutes later a shot was heard and on the complaint of Mr. A. K. Barren, a colleague of Mr. Misra the dead body of Mr. Misra was found at some distance from a nullah. The accused and another sepoy Birbal Singh were arrested.

The accused pleaded not guilty to the charge, saying, that his rifle ammunition was not shot; at the same time his rifle was absolutely clean.

The Sessions Judge sentenced Havaldar Raghbir Singh to death subject to confirmation by the East Punjab High Court, while the other accused was given the benefit of doubt and acquitted.

RECORD PEACE-TIME BUDGET FOR U. S.

Sequel To Official Warning That Russian Might Constitute "Alarming Menace"

WASHINGTON, June 2. (Reuter): The House Appropriations Committee, acting in response to official warnings that Russian might constituted an "alarming menace" to the security of the United States, approved to-day a 6,509,939,000 dollars record peace-time budget for this country's army and air force.

The money is intended to support a military force of 1,234,500 men (exclusive of the navy and marine corps) and to finance an air force for which Congress already this year has provided approximately 2,300,000,000 dollars.

The bill approved 5,618,203,000 dollars for an army with a top military strength of 790,000 men and 891,736,000 dollars for an air force with a maximum strength of 444,500.

Coupled with funds remaining from previous appropriations, to-day's action makes available to the army and air force for the year starting July 1 a total of 12,438,731,829 dollars.

The army expects to have a strength of 540,000 men by July 1 and the air force 392,508, reaching their peak strength a year hence.

The manpower figure compared with reported Soviet military strength of 4,000,000 men.

Even though the Army—Air Force Fund approved was the largest ever in peacetime, it was nine per cent, or 647,903,000 dollars, below the amount President Truman had asked.

U.S. Army Plans To Boost Its Strength

WASHINGTON, June 2 (Reuer):—The United States Army plans to boost its strength to 79,000 men at the rate of 30,000 a month, should Congress pass a Conscription Law, the House Appropriations Committee announced today.

After closed door hearings, the Committee sent to the House the annual army air force money bill for the year starting July 1.

The army had told the Committee it hoped to start conscripting recruits about July 1 but might be delayed until September or October.

The Army also said it had on hand 8,500,000 tons of ammunition of various kinds, compared with practically none in 1939; 2,500,000 rifles, and 7,900,000 tons of tanks, trucks, vehicles, guns and other equipment.

Some of the equipment, it said, was growing obsolete, but most could be serviced and used if necessary.

HOME MINISTER SPEAKS

Hon'ble Morarji Desai, Home Minister, Bombay Government, speaking at a meeting organised by the Progressive Group.

NEHRU WARNS NIZAM

India Will Not Allow Hyderabad To Be Used As Base For Operation By Enemy State

OOTACAMUND, June 2. (A.P.I.): Addressing a large gathering of over twenty-five thousand from the Race Course pavilion, Ootacamund, this evening when a civic reception was accorded to him, India's Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said that free India which had already overcome difficulties such as had seldom faced a new Government could look forward with confidence to the future.

Pandit Nehru stressed now that political freedom had been achieved the fundamental task before the country was the attainment of economic freedom and freedom from want.

The wealth of the country which could only be increased by increased production had to be developed in order that the workers in the factory and in the field might reap the full benefit of political freedom.

Reviewing the happenings in the country since August 15, Pandit Nehru said that they had gone through terrible massacres in the north. He took the fullest responsibility for those happenings, because he said that those misdeeds were committed by their own brethren and not by their opponents. He counselled them to follow Mahatma Gandhi's teachings and never give way to hysterical fears.

HYDERABAD CAN'T STAY OUT

Pandit Nehru declared it was through our great culture religion and art that India's glory spread far and wide in the past and it was in those fields that they had to vindicate their freedom.

Continuing Pandit Nehru said that they had many troubles and the state of Hyderabad was "becoming a nuisance of late". There was conflict going on in Kashmir also, and there was also arguments and debates about linguistic provinces.

He traced the history of Indian states system from early days of the British rule and said it was propped up by an external agency and when that external agency went, the state system also disappeared. In every state in India some responsible Government was developing except in one and that was Hyderabad. His reading of history, he said, had convinced him that it was impossible for Hyderabad to continue in that manner when the whole of India was going through revolutionary changes. "The economic and geographical situation of Hyderabad" Pandit Nehru said, "are such that it cannot remain out of India."

UNION POLICY.

Pandit Nehru continued that their (India's) solution for this was to make Hyderabad accede to Indian Union in equal partnership in a common undertaking and make it integrated part of the Indian Union.

For various reasons, this was not accepted by Hyderabad. It was impossible for a feudal state like Hyderabad to continue for long as such in modern India. Pandit Nehru averred, some were under the impression that the Government of India was pursuing a weak-kneed policy towards Hyderabad, and some others said that they were using the big stick. They were doing neither. What they were actually doing was to deal with the problem with gentleness and firmness."

If gentleness was not effective, they must use firmness. "We do not propose to make Hyderabad accede by coercion. We may be compelled to do it, if the situation were such as to imperil our security."

Pandit Nehru mentioned as an example of such a situation if Hyderabad being used as a base for operation by an enemy state.

The Prime Minister while appreciating the interest taken by the people of Madras in Hyderabad situation advised them to be calm and not to get over-excited over the matter. When the British army and police were against the Congress, they were not afraid. Why should they be afraid now, he asked.

KASHMIR ISSUE.

Referring to Kashmir, the Prime Minister congratulated Madras on the excellent way their regiment was fighting in Kashmir under very adverse circumstances. He discounted all talk of making Kashmir a communal problem, because the trouble there was between Muslims and Muslims, although Pakistan was trying to present it as a communal issue. It was on the invitation of Muslims that India had gone there far more than the invitation of the Maharaja. India had always taken the view that the Kashmir question should be settled by a plebiscite after normal conditions were restored. Pandit Nehru declared that the campaign to drive out the raiders from Kashmir was progressing satisfactorily and would end soon successfully.

LINGUISTIC PROVINCES.

On the question of linguistic provinces Pandit Nehru observed that although Congress was wedded to principle of linguistic provinces, he deprecated the idea of forcing the issue when there were more serious problems before Government requiring immediate attention. He did not wish unity of India to be disrupted by this separatist tendency being given pirority over other pressing problems. He emphasised the need of unity of India at the present time. "If we are not careful, this fissiparious and separatist tendency would do us harm. We shall not do anything now which strikes at the unity of India."

Sensational Arrest Of Disposal Officer

CALCUTTA, June 2 (UPI): Mr. K. T. Pillai, Regional Commissioner for Disposal, Government of India, was arrested today on a charge of conspiracy and criminal breach of trust on a warrant issued by the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Calcutta. On receipt of instructions from the Central Government Special Police Establishment yesterday, immediate action was taken against Mr. Pillai, as he was due to leave India by air for the United Kingdom.

Mr. Pillai was produced before the Chief Presidency Magistrate who released him on bail of Rs. 10,000 with two sureties of like amount pending further enquiry.

Senate Confirms Grady's New Appointment

WASHINGTON, June 2 (Reuter):—The Senate has confirmed the nomination of Mr. Henry F. Grady of California, to be United States' Ambassador to Greece. Mr. Grady is now Ambassador to India and Nepal.

TEN YEARS' GRACE FOR NIZAM TO ACCEDE

Hyderabad Still Adamant: Munshi To Resign?

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, June 2:

New Delhi is getting restive over Nizam's unresponsive attitude to India's gesture of goodwill. Further enquiries reveal that India's terms are tantamount to unconditional surrender to Nizam.

According to knowledgeable circles, the Government of India has consented to non-accession of Nizam to Indian Union for an initial period of 10 years provided the Nizam, graciously, were to permit the Dominion Parliament to legislate in respect of Foreign Affairs, Defence and Communications.

In other words, Government has recognised the internal sovereignty of Nizam for 10 years initially, and has undertaken to respect it.

Government was also offered to recognise communal parity for 1948 after which weightage given to Mussalmans in the Cabinet shall be reduced from 50 to 40 per cent.

It would not surprise New Delhi if India's Agent-General Munshi were to resign over this issue.

Pandit Nehru had obtained a mandate from the A.I.C.C. at Bombay. It is still unknown whether the terms offered are in keeping with that mandate.

'BLACK OUT' ON SIND GOVERNMENT

Pakistan Papers Protest Against Ban On "Al Wahid"

KARACHI, June 2 (UPI): The Pakistan Press Advisory Committee and the Standing Committee of the Pakistan Newspaper Editors' Conference who met yesterday, have decided that "all papers in Pakistan should suspend publications for one day," to be fixed by the Vice-President later, to register their strong protest against the high-handedness of the Sind Government in banning publication of the "Al Wahid", a Sindhi daily of Karachi and interning its Editor in his village-home for 6 months, contrary to the advice of the Pakistan Press Advisory Committee".

The Committee has further requested all newspaper Editors in Pakistan not to publish any Sind Government Press Notes, Ministers' statements, and accounts and activities except factual reports of public interest until such time as the Government gives assurance that in future they would accept its advice and in case disagreement inform the Committee in advance of the reasons for non-acceptance.

DR. MALAN TO NAME NEW CABINET

Nationalist—Afrikana Coalition

PRETORIA, June 2 (Reuter): Dr. Daniel Malan, leader of the Nationalist Party which gained a majority in the South African general election last Cabinet tonight or early tomorrow. week, is expected to name his new

Mr. N. C. Havenga, leader of the Afrikaner Party which secured 9 seats, is likely to be offered the position of Finance Minister thus ensuring a Nationalist-Afrikaner Coalition with 79 seats in a house of 153 members.

Raiders Loot Dispensary

Within 50 Yards Of Hyderabad Police H.Q.

HYDERABAD, (DN) June 2 (A.P.I.): A daring raid was carried out in broad day light within 50 yards of the main headquarters of the Hyderabad police when a gang of goondas in uniform looted the dispensary of a Muslim medical practitioner, Dr. A.V. Rana described as a refugee from Bangalore.

A police sergent who happened to be near the scene of the occurrence was driven away by the raiders who were armed with revolvers but he returned with reinforcements. The raiders had escaped in the meantime with cash and other articles valued at about Rs. 40,000. They also belaboured the doctor's compounder.

DUTCH EMISSARY FOR JOGJAKARTA

New Instructions For Negotiations With Indonesians

BATAVIA, June 2 (Reuter): A Special Dutch Government agent will fly to Jogjakarta, Republican capital in Java, tomorrow with new instructions from the Hague for the Netherland's Delegation negotiating with the Indonesians, it was announced here tonight.

Reliable sources said that the Agent, Mr. L. Neher, would ask the Republic to "discontinue its Foreign Relations" and demobilise its army.

NO ULTIMATUM

His instructions, a Dutch Government spokesman said, were not an ultimatum and would not lead to a crisis. The Netherlands would do everything possible to reach a peaceful solution.

Dispute over the Republic's status has grown more acute with the start today of the United Nations' Economic Commission at Ootacamund, which had still not decided how to treat its delegations; and with the agreement to exchange consuls with Russia reached by Dr. Suripno, Republican Representative in Prague.

Today's announcement came a few hours after Dr. Suripno had denied that he had received any instructions to return to Jogjakarta.

REPUBLICANS RECALLED

The Republicans officially stated a few days ago that he had been recalled, after the report of his agreement with Russia had taken leading Indonesians by surprise. Today the Dutch spokesman said they had not delayed any of the Republic's cables, but did not know how they had recalled Dr. Suripno.

The spokesman repudiated Dr. Suripno's suggestion that an exchange of consuls could be without diplomatic meaning.

NATIONAL FRONT FOR INDONESIA

BATAVIA, June 2 (Reuter): The Indonesian Reupblican Democratic Front, comprising the Socialist, Labour, and Communist parties, has asked for the formation of a new Republican Cabinet responsible to Parliament, instead of the reshuffling of Dr. Mohamed Hatta's existing one, the Republican news agency "Antara" reported today.

On Dr. Hatta's invitation, political parties last Monday met President I. R. Soekarno to discuss changing the existing cabinet. They decided to form a National Front and to postpone discussion in the Cabinet until a National programme had been drafted.

DESHBANDHU GUPTA FOR LONDON

NEW DELHI, June 2 (API) Lala Deshbandhu Gupta, vice-President of the Indian and Eastern Newspaper Society, and Secretary, all India Newspaper Editors Conference is leaving today for United Kingdom. After a few days stay in England, he will proceed to U.S.A. and from there to Czechoslovakia early in July.

He is a member of the delegation of Editors invited by the Czechoslovakian Government.

PITCHED BATTLES IN SOUTHWEST SHANTUNG

Governor Calls Emergency Conference To Discuss Measures To Stem Red Advance

NANKING, June 2. (Reuter): The Communist offensive along the southern part of the Tientsin-Pukow railway spread to-day to the outskirts of Hsuchowfu, strategic Government base in north Kiangsu at the junction of the Lunghai and Tientsin-Pukow lines, pro-Government dispatches reported. A curfew had been clamped on Hsuchowfu after the appearance of Communist vanguards only seven miles to the west.

The main Communist forces, however, were reported to be still 50 miles away besieging the railway city of Tangshan.

PITCHED BATTLES.

Further north in south-west Shantung, pitched battles were reported south and north of the railway city of Taiwan.

The Governor of Shantung, Lieutenant-General Wang Yao Hyphen Wu, called an Emergency Conference in his capital of Tsinan last night to discuss measures to stem the communist advance on his headquarters.

After a 24 hour-respite caused by torrential rain, Heavy fighting was resumed to-day on the south Jehol front when strong-Communist forces resumed their onslaught on the provincial capital of Chengteh.

The first Government reinforcements from Hopei entered Jehol territory to-day in spite of attempts by Communist guerilla forces to bar their way immediately north of the Great Wall pass of Kupeikow.

Government planes were busy over the beleaguered bastion of Changchun, capital of Manchuria, in the past 24 hours, bombing and straffing Communist concentrations massing for another attack on the city.

A Government spokesman said today that Communists operating at Shantung had not yet shown any signs of starting a major frontal attacks on Tsinan after their recent capture of Taian and other points in the vicinity. The Government had sent a crack unit into the area to safeguard the railway there, he added.

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PUBLIC NOTICES

THE SASSOON & ALLIANCE SILK MILL CO., LTD.

NOTICE

THE SIXTY-FIFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office, Maneckji Wadia Building, 127, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th June, 1948 at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report, Audited Balance Sheet and Profit & Loss Account for the year ended 31st December, 1947.
2. To declare a dividend.
3. To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from FRIDAY, 18th June, to FRIDAY, 2nd July, 1948, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
DAVID SASSOON &, CO., LTD.
A. PETHER,
Manager,
Managing Agents.

Maneckji Wadia Building,
127, Esplanade Road, Fort,
Bombay, 2nd June, 1948.

N.B.—The Dividend when declared, as recommended by the Directors, will be paid at the Registered Office of the Company during office hours on and after Monday, 12th July, 1948 (excepting Saturdays).

Shareholders are requested to intimate immediately any change in their registered address to the Company. 38

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Maneckji Wadia Building,
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Bombay, 2nd June, 1948. 39

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 p.m. on 11-6-48 for the supply of Pure Ghee at the Railway Grainshops on the Poona Division. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office or from the Asstt. Controller Grainshops G.I.P. Railway, at Poona. (3)

G.I.P. RAILWAY

AUCTION NOTICE

EMPTY GUNNY BAGS, Jaggery wrappers, Tea and Soap wooden cases, empty oil and ghee tins etc. will be auctioned at 3 p.m. on 10-6-48 at Byculla Shed. Stocks may be inspected at site on any working day. Conditions governing auction will be available at the office of the Dy. General Manager (Grainshops). G.I.P. Railway, V. T., Bombay, free of charge. (14)

PUBLIC NOTICES

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for training as Government sponsored candidates in (1) Arts and Crafts and (2) Music and Dancing at Visva-Bharati, Santiniketan. Minimum qualifications required: Diploma in Arts and Crafts for (1) and in Music and Dancing for (2) of a recognised institution. Course No. (1) open to men only and No. (2) to women only. Each course covers a period of one year. Government will bear tuition expenses and will give maintenance allowance of Rs. 40/-/- p.m. to a few selected candidates. Candidates may be called for interview at their own expenses. Applications in the prescribed form which may be obtained from the undersigned, should be submitted in candidates' own handwriting before the 20th June, 1948.

H. S. VERMA,
Assistant Secretary,
Ministry of Education,
NEW DELHI. 29

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of a large quantity of cotton piece goods of Indian Manufacture confiscated by the Collector of Customs, Bombay. The cloth consists of different varieties and is approximately 1,45,220 yards packed in 387 bundles for disposal in one lot. The lot is available for inspection at the King's Warehouse New Custom House, Bombay, between 2 P.M. and 3 P.M. on working days. The tenders should be in sealed covers marked "cloth tender", and addressed to the undersigned by name. The last date for receipt of tenders is 14-6-48. The undersigned may accept or refuse any tender without assigning any reason.

A. K. MUKARJI.
Assistant Collector of Customs.
Preventive Department.
New Custom House.
Bombay, 1st June 1948. (44)

TIRUMALAI TIRUPATI DEVASTHANAMS GOLD AND SILVER AUCTION NOTICE.

ROC. No. 717/Try/48

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that Gold and Silver and other articles received in the Hundi will be sold in Public auction in Gokhale Hall Armenian Street, Madras commencing at 2 p.m. on 8-6-48 (Tuesday) and on the subsequent days from 12 noon excluding Saturday and Sunday. Intending bidders should deposit Rs. 200/- to qualify themselves to bid at the sales. The successful bidder should pay the purchase money of each lot purchased within two days from the date of the sales. The lots not taken delivery of will be re-sold at the risk of the defaulter and the loss if any due to re-sale will be recovered from him. Further particulars can be had at the T. T. Devasthanam Office, Tirupati.

A. JAYARAM NAIDU,
Commissioner.
31/5/48.

Office of the Commissioner.
T. T. Devasthanams, Tirupati.
Dated the 31st May, 1948. (34)

LOST

POLICY No. 166777W dated 21st October 1924, for Rs. 5,000/- (Rupees Five Thousand) granted by the Phoenix Assurance Company, Limited, on the life of Jamnadas Parbhudas Seth which policy has subsequently been converted into a Paid-up Assurance of Rs. 434/- with a total reversionary bonus of Rs. 225/- attaching thereto. Will any person having information regarding the above, kindly communicate with the Phoenix Assurance Company, Limited P. O. Box 2512. Calcutta. (8517)

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

TENDER NOTICE.

Special Items costing over Rs. 10,000|- Class I Contract.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's Office, East Indian Railway, 105 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta upto noon on 2nd July, 1948.

Tender No. SP|A|77|H|48 for the supply of 72 Nos. Axle Boxes C.S. Tender (Bogie Wheel) XD to Drg. No. 9800|240|227.

Tender form and drawing may be purchased from the undernoted officials on payment of the following charges to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

(1) Tender form at Rs. 5|- per copy from the Controller of stores, E. I. Railway, 105 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta.

(2) Drawing No. 9800|240|227 at Rs. 1|8|- per copy from the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer (Shops), E. I. Railway, Kanchrapara.

Firm outside Calcutta may however remit the cost of the tender form to the Controller of Stores and that of the drawing to the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer direct by money order. No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's Office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or by his representative. Tenderers may present themselves at the time of opening of the tender.

GENERAL MANAGER (30)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. ABEDDIN EEMAILJI KURWA of Bombay Borah Muslim Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. All persons having any claim of any sort against the said property are requested to notify the same in writing to the undersigned within Fourteen days. In default the claim, if any, will be deemed to have been waived and sale completed.

SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land, containing by admeasurement 330 Sq. Yds, or thereabouts together with the structure standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under C. Ward No. 664, Old Street No. 27-29, New Street Nos. 83-85, all which premises are situate at and on the eastern side of DHUNJI DOONGARIA STREET in the Town and Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay and are bounded, on or towards the West by the said Dhunji Doongaria Street, on or towards the North by the property now or formerly belonging to Ruttonji Rustomji Daruwalla and on or towards the South by the property of Naruddin Esmailji Kurwa and on or towards the East by a Sweeper's passage. The said property forms a part of C.S No. 1361 Bhuleshwar Division

Bombay dated this 1st of June 1948

AMBUBHAI AND DIWANJI,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
Lentin Chambers,
Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay. (35)

APPLICATION FOR A LICENCE OF GOVERNMENT

ASSOCIATION OF INDIAN TRADE AND INDUSTRY

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in pursuance of Section 26 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, application has been made to the Government of Bombay for a licence, directing that an Association about to be formed under the name of "ASSOCIATION OF INDIAN TRADE AND INDUSTRY" shall be registered with limited liability without the addition of the word "Limited" to its name.

The principal objects for which the Association is proposed to be established are:—

To advance the cause of Indian Industry, Manufacture Finance Banking, Insurance, Transport by Land, Sea and Air, Communications, trade and business of all kinds both inland and foreign.

The other objects of the Association are set out in EXTENSO in the memorandum of Association. a copy of which may be inspected at the Office of Messrs. Daphtary FERREIRA AND DIVAN, Solicitors, 13-19, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that any person, Company, firm or Corporation objecting to this application may bring such objections before the Government of Bombay, on or before the 7th day of July next by a letter addressed to the Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Finance Department.

Dated this 1st day of June, 1948.

DAPHTARY FERREIRA AND DIVAN. (33)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mrs. NOWROJI RUSTOMJI WADIA, JEHANGIR BOMANJI WADIA, RUSTOM BOMANJI WADIA and SURENDRA CHAMANLAL JAVERI, (the present surviving trustees of a Declaration of Trust dated the 28th March 1928 made by the late Lady Aimai Hormusji Wadia) have contracted to sell to our clients the property described hereunder.

Any person having any claim in respect of the said property whether by way of sale, mortgage, inheritance, lease, settlement, or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to give written notice thereof to the undersigned at their Office at Standard Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof failing which the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same will be treated as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPEERTY

ALL THAT piece or parcel of vacant batty land or ground, situate, lying and being on the North side of Ferguson Road in the City and Island of Bombay and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 4616 sq. yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the NORTH by property of Balkrishna Vithoba, on or towards the EAST by property of the Star of India Mills Ltd., on the South by property of the New Pralhad Mills Ltd. and on or towards the WEST by Government ground and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 304 New Nos. 12325 and 12326, New Survey Numbers 1/2793 and 2/2793 and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 438 of Lower Parel Division, and which said premises are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under C Ward, No. 2165 Street No. 1161 Fergussan Road.

Dated this 2nd day of June, 1948.

CRAIGIE BLUNT & CAROE,
Purchasers' Attorneys. 41

Echo Of Australian Cricket Tour

Control Board's Ban On Mushtaq Ali: De Mello Re-elected President

CALCUTTA, June 1 (A.P.I.) . At the Annual General Meeting of the Board of Control for Cricket in India to-day, Mr. De Mello was elected again president of the Board and Messrs J. C. Mukerjea, A. A. Fyzee, K. S. Ranga Rao, Col C. K. Nayudu and P. H. Kutar, vice-presidents.

Mr. Pankaj Gupta did not offer himself for re-election as Honorary Secretary. He proposed Mr. M. G Bhave of Maharashtra to be Honorary Secretary, and the proposal as adopted unanimously. Mr. D. P. Thanawala, the honorary Treasurer, could not attend the meeting owing to illness, and he also preferred to stand down. Mr. Z. R. Irani was elected honorary Treasurer.

It was decided that the post of P. R. O. should be abolished. The meeting them placed on record Mr. Kankaj Gupta's very valuable services not only as Honorary Secretary but also as Manager of the Indian teams which recently toured Australia and England. It unanimously decided to present Mr. Gupta with a salver on which the map of India, England and Australia is to be embossed.

RULES REVISION

A report of the meeting issued by the Honorary Secretary, says:

"The meeting made many important decisions. It was announced at the meeting that the Rlues Revision Committee which met yesterday recommended that when the rules of the Board will be recast provision should be made that the President and the Hony. Secretary should retire after the completion of the second term. There should be one vice-president who should also retire on completion of the second term. The Rules Committee further recommended that the Board should provide for a paid secretary and a permanent secretariat and subject to the C. C. I. agreeing the secretariat should be housed at the premises of the C. C. I. The Rules Committee further recommended that the working committee should be abolished, and that the territorial jurisdiction of the States Associations should be redrawn on the lines of the present political and geographical changes in the map of the Indian Union. This recommendation affects Nawangar State Cricket Association, Kathiawar Cricket Association, Holkar State Cricket Association and Gwalior Sports Associations, who are now affiliated as independent state units.

"It was agreed that the new Rules Committee must draft the changes in the rules by the end of this year.

MERCHANT AND DELHI PRESS

Mr. Gupta observed with reference to a point arising out of the minutes that whatever he said in regard to Prof. D. B. Deodhar he had no intention to cast any reflection on Prof. Deodhar's honour. At the last meeting he endeavoured to let the members know some of his difficulties in connection with the Australian tour, and the statement that he made was meant for the Board members only. He apologised to Prof. Deodhar at this meeting.

One other matter that came up for disposal and ended very happily was in reference to a letter received by the President from Mr. V. M. Merchant regarding certain statements that appeared in the Delhi press arising out of the Board meeting on May 4 at Delhi. The letter of Mr. V. M. Merchant to the President of the Board was considered and there was a full and frank discussion. The President after hearing Mr. Merchant's statement was convinced that the allegations which appeared in the Delhi press against Mr. Merchant were unfounded and the President did not cast any aspersion on the honour of Mr. V. M. Merchant. The President was further satisfied that Mr. Merchant had not circulated the list of the team to the Selection Committee".

MUSHTAQ'S CASE

A letter from Mushtaq Ali was read at the meeting and the meeting thought that the plea put forward by Mr. Mushtaq Ali for not being present at the meeting was not justified. After a discussion the meeting decided that Mr. Mushtaq Ali should be asked to be present at the next meeting of the Board which would take place before the arrival of the West Indies team, to satisfy the Board of the reason why he did not make the trip to Australia and also why he issued statements to the Press which were misleading. The meeting decided that pending the disposal of his case Mr. Mushtaq Ali would not be permitted to play any representative cricket including Ranji trophy matches and he would be given a further opportunity to satisfy the Board. The President reported that it was not true that the Board had received any letter from Mr. Mushtaq Ali before the team left for Australia that he would be available. After the team's departure he received a telegram from the Maharaja of Indore, who stated that he had now persuaded Mr. Mushtaq Ali to make the trip to Australia, an offer which the President thought he could not accept in the interest of the dignity of the Board.

ASSAM'S AFFILIATION

The application for affiliation of the Assam Cricket Association was accepted and a representative of the Assam Association was present at the meeting

The meeting also decided that if the C.C.I. did not run the zonal tournament, Bengal was given permission to run the tournament. Mr. Contractor informed the meeting that he would inform the Board within 15 days whether they would be able to run it or not.

The President reported that the Asian Cricket Conference which was due to take place on May 31 would now take place sometime in the coming winter

WORKING COMMITTEE

The Working Committee of the Board for the current season will be composed of one representative from Southern Punjab, representing the North Zone, one representative from Mysore representing the south zone, one representative from U. P. representing the East, and representatives of Gujerat and Baroda, for the West zone

The following sub-committees were formed:—

UMPIRES COMMITTEE:— Messrs H. N Contractor (Chairman), A. Ghose, C. R. Pattabhiraman and a representative to be nominated by the Delhi and District Cricket Association.

RANJI TROPHY COMMITTEE-President, Hon. Secretary and Mr. P. Gupta.

RULES REVISION COMMITTEE-President, Hony. Secretary, Dr. Subbarayan, Mr H. N. Contractor, Mr. P. Gupta and Mr. Z. R Irani.

WEST INDIES TOUR COMMITTEE-President, Hony. Secretary, Hony. Treasurer and Messrs. Contractor, Gupta and Lakshmiratan.

SELECTION COMMITTEE: Messrs' M. S. Duleepsinhji, H. N. Contractor, P. E. Palia and M. U. Dutta Roy.

ZONAL SELECTION COMMITTEE. Each association to nominate a representative for its respective zonal selection committee.

COACHING COMMITTEE: Mr. V. M. Merchant, Mr. S. Banerjee, Mr. Vijayasarathi, and Hony. Secretary.

SCHOOLS TOURNAMENT COMMITTEE— Messrs. A. N. Ghose, M. H. Mustafa and Hony. Secretary with powers to co-opt.

UMPIRES COMMITTEE

Mr. Contractor, the Chairman of the Umpires Committee, reported that at the meting of the Umpires Committee held yesterday the All-India panel of umpires was drawn up as follows:—Messrs. Anantaswami Rao; M. K. Banerjee. M. G. Bhave; H. D. Bulimoria, M. Dutta-Roy, D K Naik, V S Natarajan, J. R. Patel; T. A. Ramachandran, B. V. Ramakrishnappa, J. Subbuswami; N. D. Karmarker; M. G. Vijayasarathi, B. Chakravarti, S. K. Gangulı, P K Sinha: D Dessai.

The meeting further decided that the umpires for the Ranji Trophy will be chosen from the aforesaid panel. Mr. Contractor also reported that the umpires for the Test matches should be chosen from the following:—

Messrs. M. G. Bhave, J. R. Patel, M G Vijayasarathi, D K Naik, N. D. Karmarker, Ramkrishnappa, T. A. Ramachandran, M Dutta Roy and P K. Sinha.

Every affiliated association has been asked to maintain a register of umpires and they have been requested to forward to the Board the names of atleast three qualified umpires of their respective areas.

Mr. De Mello, the president, thanked the members for re-electing him and he appealed to all for valued co-operation to work shoulder to shoulder in a spirit of friendliness and goodwill for the betterment of cricket in India.

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

HABIB BANK LIMITED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate in respect of 20 shares numbered 36389-36408 of the Habib Bank Limited standing in the name of Mr. Shantidas Dossabhai has been lost or mislaid and the undersigned has applied to the company to issue duplicate share certificates for the said shares. Any person having any claim on the said shares should notify to and lodge such claim with the company at its Office at Dada Manzil, Mohamedali Road, Bombay 3 within one month from this date after which no claim will be considered and the company will proceed to issue duplicate share certificates.

Signature of shareholder.
SHANTIDAS DOSHABHAI.
Bombay: dated 3-6-1948. 8900

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 3,500 Cases American and English Pickles including Hamilton Sweet pickle Redish, Lang's, Everready and Dolly Madison each of 48 lbs. on THURSDAY, 3-6-48 at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at No. 60-62, New Bhaji Gully, Juna Modikhana, Fort, under instructions from the party concerned.

The purchasers should see the portion of goods lying at the godown at No. 300, Frere Road, before the date of Auction.

Terms: 25% cash deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF 1,000 NOS. NEW TARPAULINS, size 11½ x 11½ on MONDAY, 7th inst. at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Our Auction Rooms. No. 72, Medows Street, Fort under instructions from the concerned.

Terms: 25% cash deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF 63 BALES BLEACHED LONG CLOTH of Kamla Mill each piece of 40 Yd. including 21 Bales No. 3301 size 27" 42 Bales No. 3401 size 33" on Saturday, 5th Inst. at 2 P.M. (S.T.) at Champa Galli, near Bambakhana, M. J. Market, Bombay, under instructions from M/s. Bansidhar Gopaldas and on a/c and at risk of M/s M. Mohanlal & Co. (of Champa Galli, 3rd Galli, M. J. Market), the defaulting purchasers.

Terms: 25 p.c. Cash Deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF 8 Gross Shuttles size 13½ and 14½ on Monday, 7th Inst. at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at our Auction Rooms at No. 72 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay under instructions from the Office Concerned.

Terms: 25 p.c. Cash Deposit.
GANDHI & CO.

TRADES BEATEN BY OLYMPIC XI

Thomas's Great Goal

BOMBAY, Wednesday.
INDIAN OLYMPIC XI 3
TRADES 2

The Indian Olympic side beat Trades this evening in an exhibition soccer match by the margin of three goals to one, Thomas scoring for the home team and Mevalal, Dhanraj and Raman for the visitors.

The winners did not settle down until late in the match. The first half was almost completely dominated by the local forwards who were often within striking distance of the goal. Only the hefty clearances of left-back Mann prevented the Trades forwards from getting into the defence. But once they had settled down to good constructive football, they did not give much chance to their opponents' intermediate line which till then did much of the spoiling work. Govind was outstanding in the left-half position in which Bert he held outside-right Nandi in check for long spells and thus also helped to reduce at least partly the value of Mevalal to his side.

When last seen in Bombay Mevalal was a match-winning factor. Now like Parab, he has lost some of his brilliance. He got a goal, and it was not altogether a bad one. But during the hour's play he did not display the same keenness and ball control which we saw during last year's Rover's Cup.

The Olympic side has not yet arrived at an accurate appraisal of one another's game and this evening did not wield itself into an effective unit Sanjiva's somewhat indifferent form gave a flattering touch to their victory. The strength of their side lay in their wing halves A. Nandi and Mahabir who were always near the ball and often used it to good effect. As the pivot Kaiser adopted the usual Indian role of the roving centre-half, but was not seen to much advantage Dhanraj, who changed positions with Mevalal in the second half, and Ahmed failed to use their wingers as often as they should have and allowed the defence to concentrate and muster its full strength during the first half in which they were able to net only once after being in arrears.

As for the Trades, they played in an inspired fashion in the first half, but in the following session lost much of the interest of the match and play became aimless. The absence of Dhakuram and Bhimrao, their regular wingers is still a great handicap to this side who have based their play on scattering the defence of their opponents. The inner trio has consequently lost much of the glory they basked in last year, particularly Parab and Raymond. Parab sent a few beautiful passes down the flank but Peter failed to use any of them. The credit of getting the best goal of the match and one of the best seen at the Cooperage went to inside-left Thomas who opened the proceeding midway through the first session by sending a powerful left-kick at the top of the goal high to the left of custodian Varadraj who was in no position to save it. Gathering the ball some thirtyfive yards from the goal he proceeded to within twenty yards and with two defenders close on his heels crashed the ball into the net.

A match has been arranged for Thursday evening at 6 p.m. between an Indian Olympic XI and an Afghan Olympic XI. The rates of admission remain the same as those that prevailed this evening.

The teams:

INDIAN OLYMPIC XI— Varadaraj (Mysore); Papen (Bombay) and Manna (Bengal); A. Nundy (Bengal), Kaisar (Bengal) and Mahabir (Bengal); S. Nundy (Bengal), Mewalal (Bengal), Dhanraj (Mysore), Ahmed (Mysore and Raman (Mysore).

TRADES Sanjiva, Manuel and Rathnam, Suvarna, Perumal and Govind, Roy Parab, Raymond Thomas and Peter.

Thursday evening at 6 p.m. Afghan Olympic XI vs Indian Olympic XI.

ERINE RODERICK TO MEET HENRY HALL

LONDON, June 2 (Reuter): The double disqualification of Eric Boon, former British lightweight champion and Gwyn Williams, Welsh welterweight champion, in their eliminator for the British welterweight championship at Harringay arena, may result in the actual championship fight taking place earlier than was expected.

The winner was to have met Henry Hall, of Sheffield, to decide who should tackle champion Ernie Roderick for the title. But following the "no contest" decision, promoter Jack Solomons announced that, subject to the approval of the British Boxing Board of Control, Hall and Roderick would meet at the White City, London, on the Gus Lesnevich-Freddie Mills world cruiserweight championship programme on July 26.

Meanwhile claims are being staked with the Board of Control on behalf of two other leading welterweights. Manager Jack Spencer presses the claims of Jim Wellard, of Northampton, who he says, was overlooked by the Board when the eliminating series originated, and Sam Burns thinks Eddie Thomas, of Wales, is entitled to recognition as he has already beaten Hall.

EMULATING NEL TARLTON

Benny Hutman, manager of both Boon and Williams, has another idea. He hopes that the Board will agree to a return fight between his two boys and is prepared to allow Boon and Williams to box on the next Solomon's promotion the purse money to be that which they should have received in the first fight.

As a result of the "no contest" ruling, the purse, believed to be in the region of £2,000, was automatically forfeited and it is now up to the Board of Control stewards to decide what is to become of the money.

Ernie Roderick does not mind who his next opponent is, now 24 he is anxious to defend his title, probably for the last time, as soon as possible. He already has one Lansdale Belt and has two notches on a second, and he is keen to emulate the feat of his brother-in-law and manager, Nel Tarlton, former British featherweight champion, who won a belt outright for each of his two children.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

PITMAN'S ECONOMIC, COMMERCIAL & GENERAL BOOKS.

Economics by Benham. 10/-
Groundwork of Economics. Silverman. 5/-
Economic Geography by Mcfarlane. 15/-
Principles of Economic Geography. Brown. 7/6.
Economic History of England. Meredith. 10/6.
Commerce and Commercial Office. Campbell. 15/-
Commercial Self Educator Vols. 3. Holland. 63/- per set.
Modern Office Management. Simpson 8 6
Fundamental of Salesmanagement Doubman. 18/.
Salesmanagement by Bolling. 15/-
Retail Management by Bolling. 21/-
Technique of Salesmanship. Knight 5/-
Gantt Chart by Wallace Clarke. 7/6
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Principles of Banking. Thomas & Megrah. 15/-.
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It's A Picture for one and all the members of the Family.

RATAN Pictures' Social Hit.

KAJAL

Produced and Directed by:
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Starring:
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ROXY Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
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LAURITZ MELCHOIR'S Magnificent Voice!
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JOHNNIE JOHNSTON'S Gay Love Songs!
XAVIER CUGAT'S Romantic Rhumbas!
plus
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in M. G. M.'s
THIS TIME FOR KEEPS
in Technicolor
Tomorrow at METRO

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PRAKASH PICT'S, POPULAR SOCIAL
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OPENING TOMORROW

Book In Advance 9-30 to 12-30 and 3 to 6-30

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sun. 12-45

City and Suburbs

To-day

HINdu, Vaishakh Vad 11, 2004
Muslim, Rajjab 24, 1367
Parsi Deh 4 1317
Sunrise 6-1 A.M. Sunset 19-13 P.M.
Hightide 9-3, 20-41.
Lowtide 2-42, 14-45.

To-day's Engagements

THE PROGRESSIVE GROUP: Dr. K.G. Saiyidain, Educational Adviser to the Government of Bombay, will address the Group today (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. at Greens Hotel. The subject of his lecture will be "Our Problem of Languages.

H. M. I. DOCKYARD STAFF UNION Annual general body meeting of H.M.I. Docyard M.S.D.S. Union was held at Cama Hall on Monday and the following were elected Office Bearers of the Union: President, Mr. Ashok Mehta, Vice President, Mr. H.R. Deliwalla, General Secretary, Mr. V.S. Raghavan, Secretary, Mr. N.M. Badle, Treasurer, Mr. G.V. Karnik.

VIDYARTHINI JAIN SCHOLARSHIP:- Applications are invited on or before the 5th July, 1948 for Shrimati Lilavati Bholabhai Mohanlal Jhaveri Vidyarthini Jain Scholarship to be awarded to a Shwetamber Moortipoojak Jain Lady student who has secured the highest number of marks at the Matriculation Examination of the University of Bombay held in March last and who has joined College for higher studies. Application should be on the prescribed form, which can obtained on appplication, from the Office of Shri Mahavira Jaina Vidyalaya, Gowalia Tank Road, Bombay. 26.

KHATAU MAKANJI FREE DISPENSARY in all 1619 patients were treated at the free dispensary Bhatia Maternity and Nursing Home, Bombay—during April 1948. The average daily attendance was 54.

Indian Language Newspapers' Association

BOMBAY, June 2 (API) The seventh annal general meeting of the Indian Languages Newspapers Association will be held on Saturday at 9-0 A.M. to elect the President and the Executive Committee for the year 1948-49, announces the General Secretary of the association.

No member who is in arrears of subscription shall be competent to participate in the election of the President or in the proceedings of the annual general meeting. Last date for receiving arrears has been fixed 30th June 1948.

GALA OPENING TOMORROW 3-30 P.M.

KARAN DEWAN, INDU MISRA, TEWARI, RAM SINGH

Songs & Screen play D. N. MADHOK

Plans open 10 to 12, 4 to 6 p.m.
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CENTRAL

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Premier-Designate Promises To Uphold Baroda's Good Name

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Baroda has had a well-deserved reputation for being a progressive State. I am sure she will continue to maintain that reputation", said Dr. Jivraj N. Mehta, first constitutional Prime Minister of the Baroda State at an 'At Home' given in his honour by Mr. Sankalchand G. Shah at the Taj this evening.

Dr. Mehta added that he was not familiar with the problems of the Baroda State. Its policies, broadly speaking, will be in conformity and consonance with the policies of the Government of India.

Dr. Mehta hoped that with the good will and cooperation of the people, the authorities and the Maharaja Sahib of the State, he would be able to give a good account of his stewardship of the State.

Earlier Mr. Sankalchand G. Shah, the host, briefly rferred to Dr. Jivraj Mehta's brilliant academic career, his periods of imprisonment in the freedom movement, the unique honour which he enjoyed as a personal physician of Gandhiji and wished him godspeed and success in his work as the first popular Prime Minister of one of the most progressive States in India.

Mr. Shah had received several congratulatory messages from past and present Presidents of the Baroda Praja Mandal offering respectful greetings and felicitations to Dr. Mehta.

The function was attended by about 200 guests including Sir Chunilal Mehta, Sir Vithal Chandravarkar and Mr. G. V. Kitson, Deputy High Commissioner of the United Kingdom in India.

LATE DR. N.F. MOGRELIA

Condolence Meeting At Batliwala Agiari

A condolence meeting will be held next Sunlay (June 6) at Batliwala's Agiari, Tardeo, to express the sense of sorrow at the sad death of Dr. Nurserwanji Fakirji Mogrelia, L.M. & S., who ever since the inception of the Tardeo Jarthoshti Mandal strove hard to make the Mandal's activities (including the running of the store) sucessful and who proved himself the life and soul of the institution. It is hoped Parsis of the city, particularly of Tardeo and its environs, will make it a point to be present as a mark of their last tribute to their beloved coreligionist.

MILITARY TACTICS SHOW FOR POLICE OFFICERS

Closer Co-operation Envisaged Between Military And Police

BOMBAY, June 2 (API): A demonstration of military tactics—the first of a series to be held here for the benefit of the senior officers of the Bombay City Police and the Bombay Home Guards—was given by units of Indian troops at Colaba barracks last week

Probably the first of this kind, these series of demonstrations are intended to acquaint the civil authorities with the tactics employed by troops and to bring about closer cooperation between the police and the military, specially when the latter may be called upon to aid the civil authorities in emergencies.

Maj.-Gen. D. S. Brar, Commander, Bombay Area, who supervised the demonstration gave a talk on the significance of the various tactics employed.

Senate Election

Dr. J. N. Karande, M.D., FCPS is one of candidates from the graduates' constituency for the enusing election of the senate of the Bombay University. He is an ex-Principal and at present professor of Midurifery and gynaecology in the Topivala National Medical College and is connected with a number of educational institutions and public hospitals. Dr. Karande desires to improve the standard of medical education and to make it available to a larger number of students.

TODAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY, June 3

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Zawwar Husain 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Shrikant Thakre (Violin) 8-45 Azambai 9-30 Close down

12-0 p.m. Vanita Mandal 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Madhur Gani 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 London Symphony Orchestra 2-5 Yehudi menuhin and the London Symphony Orchestra 4-20 Bhalchandra Patekar 4-35 V. S. Deshpande 5-0 Shrikant Thakre (Violin) 5-15 Children's Half Hour 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Y. S Joshi 6-45 U. M. Maniar (Gujarati Geet) 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 D. M. Marulkar (Vocal Music) 7-30 Hindnun Vidh, Vidh Sahit,a (Talk in Gujarati) 7-45 Kanan Bala 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Zawwar Husain 8-45 Bhauji, Shapath Aahe (A Marathi feature) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 BBC News Relay 9-40 Musical Interlude 9-45 Sports Review (In English by Dr. Jittoo Mehta) 10-0 "Call Yourself A Detective" No. 1 A Crime Quiz (BBC Transcription Service Recording) 10-30 Ida Haendel (Violin) with National Symphony Orchestra 11-0 Close down.

VARIATIONS

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-40 a.m. Radhe Krishna Giridhari 5-45 p.m. Bhalchandra Patekar (Marathi Pad) 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 61.48 metrtres (4,880 kc/s) 7-45 Commercial News 8-0 U M. Maniar (Gujarati Geet) 8-15 D. M. Marulkar (Vocal Music) 9-0 Y. S. Joshi 9-30 Bhavgeet 10-0 V. S. Deshpande 10-20 Azambai (Vocal Music) 11-0 Close down.

INDIAN CYCLISTS FOR LONDON OLYMPICS

Appeal For Funds

Mr. Dinshaw Dungcr, President, Empire Wheelers, has issued the follcwing appeal.

May I request your readers to be good enough to come forward to help the three cyclists Messrs. Amin, Mulla-Pheroze, and Sarkari who are selected as champions of our Indian cyclists by the Olympic Asscciation to take part in the World Olympic Games to be held in London next month. These cyclists are not of well to do families and who are asked to contribute Rs. 2.000/- for the expenses by the Provincial Olympic Association, Bombay, within a week's time, otherwise they loose the chance of taking part in the Olympic games. All these cyclists belong to "EMPIRE WHEELERS" of which I have the honour to be the President.

We have started a fund for this good cause and have collected some amount, but still there is a big gap and we appeal to all sports loving and philanthropic to send their might and support these boys, who are in excellent spirits and who have good modern machines. I have no doubt they will keep the name, respect and honour of Indian cyclists by taking part in this competition.

Contributions may be sent to the Hony. Secretary, Mr. Dinshaw H. Dungor 105, Apollo Street, P.B. No. 448, Fort Bombay, which will be acknowledged in this paper.

SIAM AND ITS PEOPLE

Mr. Munday Narrates His Impressions

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

"Ease-loving, indolent, kindly and extremely superstitious; a people gifted with a strong sense of humour and an equally strong sense of family life" in these words, Mr. C. J. R. Munday, Assistant Editor of "The Times of India" described the people of Siam, in the course of his lecture on 'Siam', given this afternoon under the auspices of the Rotary Club at the Greens Hotel. Sir Vithal Chandavarkar presided.

Mr. Munday was employed as a lecturer in English in Bangkok for six years from 1929 to 1935. He visited Siam again in 1945 as an officer of the Allied forces.

Siam was as large as France and Britain combined, with a population of 15½ million. Buddhistic by religion, the people respected their king next only to Lord Buddha.

Siam was in constant war with Burma until 1752 when Siam finally emerged victorious.

King Chulalangkorn, the maker of modern Siam, died in 1910. Mr. Munday described the revolution of Siam in 1932.

Mr. Munday thought that the Bangkok deserved to be called the 'Venice of the Orient', with its network of canals on which depended the city's economy.

LINK WITH INDIA

The country had cultural ties with India for its dance and drama were derived from the stories from the Indian epic, Ramayana.

Two men had dominated the recent history of Siam Marshal Pibul and Mai Pridi. Both were educated in France. Both were astute politicians and men of great charm. Mai Pridi had fled from the country, leaving it to Marshal Pibul who was today the most powerful man in milk."

Two Arrested For Alleged Improper Use Of Milk

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Bombay C.I.D. having learnt that 'ice-cream' prepared out of fresh milk, as well as "tea of fresh-milk" were being served to the public, at New Indra Bhuvan Hindu Restaurant, situated in a stall in the Industrial Fair, at Azad Maidan, set a trap, on May 29, when Mohan Singh and two others of the Restaurant, are alleged to have contravened the Government order "prohibiting such use of fresh milk."

They were arrested.

Their bail periods were extended to June 14, at Mazgaon Police Court, today.

Run Over And Killed

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A twenty-five-year-old man, Bhagwatiswaran, was run over and killed by a train, near Sandhurst Road Railway Station, on May 31.

Police suspected that it was a case of suicide.

Mr. Chidambaram, a "Times of India" reporter, stated before the Coroner of Bombay, that Bhagwatiswaran, his son-in-law, was unemployed.

WOMAN KNOCKED DOWN AND KILLED

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A 70-year-old woman, Laxmibai Raju while crossing Victoria Garden Road, from the bus-stop, near Peerkhan Street, was knocked down by a motor car, resulting in her being seriously injured, at 9-30 a.m., on May 24 She died at J. J. Hospital, yesterday.

Byculla Police, who made enquiries, have learnt that the car was driven off, even without noticing what had occurred. Its registered number was not known.

The car was a "green-coloured" one. It came from J. J. Hospital side and proceeded towards Byculla, said to be driven at a "breack-neck" speed.

Sentenced For Breaking Externment Order

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A sentence of one month's S.I. was imposed on Ahmed Alias Bhiku, a resident of Junagadh who had been externed from Greater Bombay, sometime in December last. under the Public Security Measures Act, by Rao Saheb C. B. Velkar. Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court.

At the time of the externment, Ahmed is said to have expressed his desire to go back to Junagadh for which arrangements were made by the authorities.

But he was seen in Bombay on 29 January 1948, and was arrested.

THE WEATHER

POONA, June 2. (API): Following is the daily weather summary for Wednesday the 2nd June 1948:—

Yesterday's secondary low is probably still feeble and moving across East Punjab.

Thundershowers have been local in Assam, sub-Himalayan Bengal and Malabar and occurred at a few stations in Eastern Pakistan, the north Central Provinces, Mysore and in and near the Madras Deccan. A few dry thunderstorms are also reported from the north Madras coast.

Day temperatures were markedly above normal over the region from the East United Provinces and Bihar to the east Central Provinces and the north Madras coast.

FORECAST UNTIL 3RD EVENING: Thundershowers will be widespread in Assam and local in eastern Pakistan, sub-Himalayan Bengal and Malabar. A few thundershowers are likely in lower Kashmir, Mysore, southeast Madras and the Madras Deccan. A few dry thunderstorms are also possible in the northeast Central Provinces, Chota Nagpur, the United Provinces and in and near hills of East and Northwest Punjab.

EARTHQUAKE

An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin with epicentre about 1730 miles away from Poona, was recorded by the seismograph in the Meteorological Office, Poona, ta 0 0 hours, 31mins. (IST) on Wednesday the 2nd June 1948. Data from Calcutta are not available but those from Bombay, Kodaikanal and Poona place the epicentre near about 7 degrees north, and 97 degrees E north of Sumatra.

Weather Chart

POONA, June 2, (API): Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st June 1948 and departure from normal recorded at 8-0 hours (IST) on 2nd June 1948:

Ahmedabad 104 81 0 0 Ahmednagar 100 72 0 0 minus 0.2 Bangalore 92 71 0.4 0.4 0 Baroda 104 81 0 Nil BOMBAY 95 83 0 0 minus 0.4 Calcutta 96 84 0 0 minus 0.5 Cawnpore 113 83 0 0 0 Colombo 88 80 T 0 minus 0.7 Dehra-Dun 103 73 0 0 minus C.1 Delhi 109 84 0 0 0 Hyderabad (Dn) 105 83 0 0 minus 0.2 Karachi 87 80 0 0 0 Lahore 111 76 0 0 0 Lucknow 113 81 0 0 0 Madras 106 83 0 0 minus 0.1 Mahabaleshwar 83 61 0 0 minus 0.2 Nagpur 112 80 0 0 minus 0.3 Octacamund 75 49 0.1 0.3 minus 0.3 Patna 109 85 0 0 minus 0.1 Peshawar 102 74 0 0 0 Poona 97 73 0 0 minus 0.3 Simla 80 63 0 minus 0.1

CASE AGAINST KHUHRO

KARACHI, June 1 (API): The Sind Special Court of enquiry, constituted to enquire into the charges of maladministration, gross misconduct in the discharge of duties and responsibilities, and corruption against Mr. M. A. Khuhro, ex-Premier, will meet here on June 4.

Summons were issued to Mr. Khuhro for his appearance in the Court.

RS. 20,000 WORTH OF CLOTH STOLEN

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Eleven bales of cotton cloth, valued at Rs. 20.000 are stated to have been stolen from a godown of Dalmia Cement and Paper Marketing Company, at Love Lane.

These bales, it is stated, belonged to Sir Shapurji Bharucha and Madhavji Dharamshi Mills of Dalmia Group, and were of the 524 bales stocked in that godown.

In this connection, Vithaldas Pranjivandas was arrested by Byculla Police.

The Police alleged that the accused was a delivery clerk, employed in Dalmia Jain Textile Mills, and was in charge of the godown.

He was released on bail in the sum of Rs. 8,000, at Mazgaon Police Court.

Panic At Azad Maidan

Last midnight, a woman screamed, a pistol shot cracked and the silence of Azad Maidan was shattered. Startled footpath sleepers ran helter-skelter. The man who fired the shot, took advantage of the panic and escaped.

The story accompanying the shot is learnt to be that the gunman, in an amorous move, was wandering about for a likely victim, when his eyes alighted upon a homeless woman, who was fast asleep in Azad Maidan. He slipped on to the matting on which she was asleep and made overtures. The woman screamed!

Other homeless men and women in the vicinity woke up and ran to the scene, when they saw a man trying to walk away in some hurry.

He was surrounded and challenged. The desperate man, took out his revolver, shot at random and made good his escape in the confusion.

One person is learnt to have been injured as a result of the shot. The man is still at large.

Merchant Arrested On Charge Of Smuggling

About 160 bales of cotton cloth, worth some lakhs of rupees are said to have been seized, by Bombay C.I.D. when they checked 3 lorries, laden with cloth bales, at Bhandup and 2 lorries near Sion Refugee Camp.

In this connection, Chimanlal Uthamchand proprietor of Messrs. Uthamchand Chimanlal and Company at Princess Street, Bombay, has been arrested.

The Police suspect that these cloths were purchased at Bombay markets and were beng transported for distribution among up-country clients of the commission agents at higher rates.

The bail period of Chimanlal Uthamchand was extended.

Contravention Of Yarn Control Order

Md. Umer, Abdul Karim Maulvi, and Abdul Rahim Maulvi, were fined Rs. 500 in default 4 months' R.I., having been found guilty of offences under 18c (5) and -8c (1)a of Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order by acquiring 5 handlooms and working them, without a licence from the Textile Controller, Bombay.

MEDICAL OFFICERS
FOR THE INDIAN ARMY

Indian nationals who are either civilian medical graduates or released Army Medical Officers, other than licentiates, who were actively serving within two years of the date of application, are eligible for the grant of Short-Service Regular Commissions in I.A.M.C. Terms and conditions have been published in A.I. (I) 15/S/48 which may be seen at Military Hospitals Formation Headquarters or Recruiting Centres. Last date for receipt of applications in Army Headquarters is 30th June, 1948. Ask for application forms from Command Headquarters, Poona, Ranchi or Medical Dte. Army Headquarters, New Delhi GHQ PO.

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The Bombay Chronicle

The politics of courts are so mean that private people would be ashamed to act in the same way; all is trick and finesse. —NELSON

MISCHIEVOUS

Qaid-e-Azam Jinnah is nothing if not constitutional-minded. The Hyderabad-Union controversy is too tempting for him to keep out of it completely. But, as the head of another State, he has to maintain the appearance of indifference. According to his reasoning, it would have been unwise of him to grant an interview to the three representatives of the Ittehad-ul-Muslimin. Also it was superfluous since he had communicated his opinion to the Union Government and to the Hyderabad State. So the constitutional-minded Mr. Jinnah refused the interview. So far, there can be nothing but admiration for this example of propriety.

But Mr. Jinnah was not content to stop there. There is another side to him that requires to be satisfied even more than his love of forms. And to that side the Hyderabad-Union situation makes a special appeal. Seeing that the end of the long struggle of the Nizam against accession is in sight, Mr. Jinnah cannot resist contributing his bit to keep the fight on. Therefore, while refusing the interview, he "told the Ittehad representatives that "Hyderabad was an independent sovereign State and it was for its duly constituted authority to accede to India or to remain an independent Dominion;" and proceeded to tell the Indian Government what it should do and what it should not. This is in effect an encouragement to recalcitrants in Hyderabad communicated directly through their delegates. Mr. Jinnah might have granted an interview but he certainly cannot get away incitement. The reason why he has followed this sinister course is by inference his extreme anxiety not to commit Pakistan to any course of action in support of Hyderabad. It is significant that what Mr. Jinnah left unsaid because he could not say it without involving the Pakistan Government has been said by Sir Mohamed Zafrullah in a more general vague and non-commital manner. "Our sympathies are obviously with Pakistan" means a lot emotionally but diplomatically is not something that can be objected to. If the Nizam were in a condition to bring dispassionate consideration to the sympathy of Pakistan, he would realise that it will not convert itself into actual support. But he is not at the moment in a state favourable for detached thinking. Mr. Jinnah's statement is a heaping up of fuel on the Nizam's fire and as such a calculated move. It is this which makes something which would have been incredibly silly, now wholly sinister.

So far as the Union is concerned, Mr. Jinnah's conduct as a whole is a revealing index to Pakistan's position in the dispute. That Dominion is powerless to help Hyderabad and its Governor-General realises it. It has however a capacity for mischief to the Union and it is determined to make the fullest draft on that capacity. Into this task are impressed all the perverted talents of Pakistan's leadership. Mr. Jinnah's remarks on the need for India to abstain from coercing Hyderabad are evidence of this quite as much as the Jinnah-Zafrullah gesture to Hyderabad. Mr. Jinnah does not say specifically that the Union has tried to coerce Hyderabad but by the very language of his advice he has insinuated it.

His suggestion that the Union should not coerce Hyderabad is an impertinence, considering from which direction the coercion has really come. Evidently, he regards as thoroughly legal Hyderabad's policy of repression and compulsion. Since the Qaid-e-Azam has thought fit to advise India, he must give some reason more valid than his anxiety not to get involved in Hyderabad's internal politics for his silence on Hyderabad. His concern for India and his desire to set her on the right path become all the more strange since the men who sought the interview were not from India but from Hyderabad. By his silence, Mr. Jinnah becomes an accomplice after the event to the misdeeds of the Ittehad and the misgovernment of the Nizam. As one who prides himself on being a "cold-blooded logician", Mr. Jinnah must appreciate this point.

Both these matters, however, are matters of point of view. After all, it is permissible for Mr. Jinnah to hold any opinion he likes and even to express any opinion he does not genuinely hold. It is no more possible to check this now than it was at any other time. What is most objectionable is the assertion that Hyderabad today is an independent sovereign State. This even the Nizam himself does not claim. It is a State closely linked with the Union Government as defined by the Standstill Agreement. The Nizam has admitted that he surrended part of his sovereignty. It is surprising that the Qaid-e-Azam whose views have been communicated to the Government of India and to Hyderabad State and who therefore is informed on this vexed question, should have overlooked this fact. What is more, the Nizam and Mr. Laik Ali have at no time stood out for independence in the sense in which Mr. Jinnah means it. Both have admitted times without number that in Defence, Foreign Policy and Communications, Hyderabad must be closely associated with the Union. If this had not been made so emphatically clear, Mr. Jinnah would have added to the two choices he visualises for Hyderabad the third one of accession to Pakistan. Mr. Jinnah is too astute a politican not to be aware of this but he is also too calculating to concede it.

There is one matter, however, on which the Qaid-e-Azam has badly tripped. He asserts that it is for the constituted authority to decide on accession or independence. If the Hyderabad Government is recognized as the constituted authority competent to decide on Hyderabad's accession, then why has the accession of Kashmir, where there is a popular element in the Government as there is not in Hyderabad, opposed by Pakistan? Evidently Mr. Jinnah was not thinking of listening ears in Kashmir or in the Union, he was diverted by the Hyderabad developing situation which threatened to deprive him of an oppertunity for meddlesome interference. That the Qaid-e-Azam means mischief is fully revealed. And his effort to stir up trouble in Hyderabad whilst keeping Pakistan at a safe distance makes his move the more reprehensible. It is now for the leaders of India and Hyderabad who desire that the State should be protected from the sinister machinations of outsiders, to come together effectively and finally. Accession is inevitable. Delay can only make conditions more difficult for the people of Hyderabad and open up more opportunities for internal and external complications.

Our Readers' Views

Bombay's Kural Broadcasts

Sir,—There is a feature 'calling rural listeners" in the programmes broadcast by All-India Radio, Bombay. It is of an hour's duration, of which 20 minutes each are allotted to three of the provincial languages Gujarati, Marathi, and Kannada. There is much to be desired in the contents and standard of these broadcasts.

Often one hears nothing but dull and monotonous talks, and that too by the same person which adds to the boredom. There is nothing to inspire one to action in these talks; they are mostly lifeless accounts of the principles of manuring, growing cocoanuts and so on. One wishes the lessons that are to be conveyed to the villager be done through the medium of interesting stories.

The very short duration makes it difficult to have any good music in them which also adds to the monotony. It is surprising why out of the 11 hours transmission only one should be given to rural broadcasts.

Kannada, though it is one of the important provincial languages, spoken by a good number of people, finds representation only in this short duration of 20 minutes. There is no ladies' programme or children's programme in Kannada, though it could be provided for by rotation with the other languages in the noon or evening transmission.

—A LISTENER.

License Cloth Shops

Sir,—Millowners are trying to throw dust into the eyes of the public by opening Fair Price Shops. When 250 Ration Shops failed to satisfy consumers, how will these 40 to 100 shops meet their needs? The only solution to this tangle is to follow the plan carried out for the last three months by the agents of Finlays' Group of Mills. From Fort to Parla they have appointed shops to whom they give permits according to their (shop-owners') requirements If the mill-owners really have at heart the good of the public, this method should be followed by them, individually appointing one shop in each locality, giving them permits to buy from wholesalers and sell to the consumers at a fixed percentage.

For example in a shopping area if there are seven to eight different cloth shops, selling different mills-varieties, the consumers will have a chance to judge for themselves, which mill as well as which retailer satisfy their needs at real Fair Price. Then there will be a healthy competition between mills as well as dealers, and the public will easily find out the real culprit.

A RETAILER.

Arabs' Nine Points Reply To U.N.

MERE CEASE-FIRE WITHOUT GUARANTEES WILL WORSEN SITUATION

CAIRO, June 2. (Reuter): The Arab Governments in their reply to the United Nations Security Council's truce plan reiterated that there was need for guarantees in Palestine without which a cease-fire would merely an uneasy interval leading to wider scale disturbances and further violence.

NINE-POINT REPLY

The Arab reply, released for publication in Cairo this afternoon, made the folowling nine points:

(1) The Arab Governments reaffirm that nothing is nearer to their hearts' desire than the return of peace in Palestine and to see the day in which Palestine's population—Arab and Jew alike—will live amicably side by side in complete understanding. The Arab Governments reiterate that there is need for guarantees in Palestine without which a cease-fire would merely be an uneasy interval leading to wider scale disturbances and further violence.

(2) They note the Security Council has taken into consideration their previous observation that a cease-fire should be only a means to find a just solution, long overdue. Consequently, the Arab states are pleased to note the appointment of a mediator by the Security Council who will contact both sides in Palestine, if and when a cease-fire becomes operative, with a view to carrying out the mission entrusted to him by the General Assembly.

POLITICAL UNITY OF PALESTINE MUST BE PRESERVED

(3) The main objective of the mediator's mission is to reach a peaceful and just solution of the Palestine problem.

The Arab Governments are certain that the mediator, on behalf of the United Nations as well as the members of the Truce Commission appointed by the Security Council on April 23, will find that any solution which does not preserve political unity of Palestine and take into consideration the will of the majority of its people will have no chance of success.

(4) There is no doubt it is against the purpose of the cease-fire order to open the door of Palestine, now held by the Zionists, to permit a flood of Jewish immigrants of military age, who are awaiting the first opportunity of entering the country from different parts of Europe and Africa without any object other than joining the Zionist terrorists.

This is the greatest menace to the existence of the Palestine Arabs and to the maintenance of security in the Middle East.

(5) The Arab Governments feel that the Security Council's aim cannot possibly be to allow the Zionists to profit from the cease-fire by introducing into Palestine more men who, though entering under the guise of immigrants, would in reality by trained combatants under the second paragraph of the Security Council's resolution—that prohibiting combatants of either side from entering Palestine during the cease-fire.

(6) The Arab Governments are desirous of seeing the appointment of an efficient impartial body to supervise the carrying out of the Security Council's decision and conditions relative to the cease-fire with scrupulous care

ARAB DESIRE TO SUPERVISE CEASE-FIRE

(7) The Arab Governments do not feel that the Security Council's resolution contains an adequate guarantee that the other side will respect the rules and conditions of the cease-fire.

For that reason the Arab Governments in their capacity as members of the regional organisation responsible for preserving order in their area are desirous of co-operating with the mediator and Truce Commission in supervising the execution of the cease-fire rules and conditions.

(8) The Arab Governments anxious to see peace established in Palestine so that a just solution of the problem presented there may be found, accept the invitation of the Security Council to cease-fire for four weeks as from a time yet to be decided.

(9) The Arab Governments in accepting this invitation despite the failure of all previous efforts to reach a just solution of the Palestine problem, because of the uncompromising attitude of the Zionists, give proof of their sincere desire to co-operate with the United Nations in finding a solution although their armies are now masterns the situation.

The U.N.'s Powers On Palestine

The ending of the British Mandate in Palestine and the beginning of military action in the area by forces including those of the Arab States has shifted the Palestine problem from the General Assembly to the Security Council.

This is the second time the Council has been involved. The Assembly has considered the matter in two special and one regular session since Great Britain, as the Mandatory, asked for an Assembly recommendation in April, 1947.

Here, is a review of the powers of the Assembly and Security Council as they effect the Palestine situation.

FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY

The General Assembly, composed of delegates of all member states, may make recommendations to the Members of the United Nations and to the Security Council, or to both on any question or matter within the scope of the Charter, or relating to the powers and functions of any organs provided for in the Charter." (Article 10), and on "any questions relating to the maintenance of international peace and security brought before it by any Member of the United Nations". (Article 11, Paragraph 2).

The General Assembly may recommend "measure for the peaceful adjustment of any situation, regardless of origin, which it deems likely to impair the general welfare or friendly relations among nations".

However, "while the Security Council is seized with such questions, the General Assembly shall not make any recommendations unless the Security Council so requests." (Article 12).

The recommendations of the Assembly on these matters shall be made by a two-thirds majority.

FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF SECURITY COUNCIL

The Security Council, composed of five permanent members and six members elected by the General Assembly, exercises primary responsibility for the maintenance of international peace and security. The "pacific settlement of disputes" (as explained in Chapter VI of Charter) is usually a matter for the Security Council.

The "action with respect to threats to the peace, breaches of the peace, and acts of aggression" (Chapter VII) is exclusively a matter for the Security Council.

This Council determines the existence of a threat to the peace, a breach of the peace, or an aggression. It makes recommendations, or issues instructions as to what measures shall be taken. These may be (1) measures accepted by the parties; (2) steps not involving armed force, such as economic sanctions, or finally (3) the Council may order the use of force.

The decisions of the Security Council must be accepted and carried out by all members of the United Nations in accordance with the Charter.

All decisions in these cases must be made by an affirmative vote of seven members including the concurrent votes the five permanent members.

PRESENT SITUATION

At Lake Success in March the Security Council asked its own permanent members to present recommendations as to what instructions the Council might usefully give to the Palestine Commission as a guide to carrying out the General Assembly partition plan. Such instructions did not result from the consultation of the permanent members nor from extended Council discussions.

On April 1, however, the Council did adopt two resolutions. One asked for immediate truce in Palestine, and the second asked for a special Assembly "to consider further the question of the future government of Palestine." The resolution calling for truce was substituted on 17th April by a resolution calling again on the Jews and Arabs to end fighting. And on April 23 the Council created a Truce Commission composed of Belgium, France and the United States. Their consuls in Jerusalem became the Council's Truce Commission.

In addition the special session of the Assembly created a Municipal Commissioner for Jerusalem. This move was made on May 6 and by the 13th Harold Twans of Philadelphia, a Quaker, acceptable to both the Arabs and Jews, was nominated by the United Nations and appointed by the Mandatory's High Commissioner in one of last actions before leaving Palestine.

The Assembly also recommended the appointment of a United Nations Mediator. He, when, appointed, will be under instructions to co-operate with the Truce Commission to arrange for maintenance of utilities, to insure the protection of the Holy Places, and to promote a peaceful arrangement of the future situation of Palestine. He will also ask the co-operation of the United Nations' Specialized Agencies and the International Red Cross to promote the welfare of the inhabitants.

Thus, the Assembly did not make a new decision on the "future government of Palestine", and the decision of November 29, 1947, was not annulled. The Commission which had been entrusted with the implementation of this resolution was, however, relieved of its responsibilities. The Assembly rejected a proposal for a provisional regime for Jerusalem modeled on the Trusteeship Council's trusteeship plan for the Holy City.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Prevent Subversion

Mr. Morarji Desai, did well to restate in clear terms the basis and scope of the Public Security Measures Act. He put the issue in his usual fighting manner when he said that the Bombay Public Security Measures Act did not encroach on civil liberties—real civil liberties—but only on criminal liberties. Not only the Bombay Act, but similar security legislation which has been enacted practically in every province of India is based on the assumption that there are various forces at work, out to disrupt law and order and to subvert the ordered progress of this country. Apart from a few new-found champions of freedom and civil liberties, the general mass of public are in no way inclined to deny to their own governments the powers necessary for the functioning of these governments as also to prevent every manifestation of violence and civil strife. Real and genuine doubt arises only when emergency powers are used against certain persons like the Communists who profess and obstensibly seem to be fighting for economic issues. Pandit Nehru has stated that persons are being proceeded against not because they are Communists but because they are indulging in subversive activity. There seems to us to be clear need to demonstrate or prove that these persons are acting in the manner suggested. There are grounds for presumption and facts from which certain inferences can be drawn. But there is such a thing as the law of sufficient reason.

Assertion No Proof

Mr. Kiron Shankar Roy, the Home Minister of West Bengal, for instance claims to be in possession of conclusive evidence. Why not then take the people into confidence and let the public know what this evidence is? If it is not regarded in the public interest to divulge certain facts, it should be possible to place the evidence before a judicial tribunal and be guided by its opinion. As it is, the judicial conscience of the people has been sharpened and made sensitive in the course of the struggle for freedom. And this sensitive conscience is generally regarded as an asset in a democracy. Hence the need to carry conviction to the people. We do suggest that, if it is proved that the Communist Party or a number of its members is indulging in violent activity calculated to disrupt peace, it would be logical to ban the party. There is no sense in feeling squeamish about it. If the public can be convinced of the facts, they would be, as they should be, willing to face the consequences, and let the Government or Governments ban the party and arm themselves with all the necessary powers. It is in this regard that even some genuine friends of the Congress Governments have some ground for dissatisfaction. It would be a part of wisdom to undertake a thorough revision of the basic policies and see if public criticism cannot be answered more effectively. It should not be assumed that every critic is questioning the bona-fides of the Governments. He may only be questioning the correctness or adequacy of their means while fully concurring with the ends in view.

Zafrulla Exposes Himself

That Pakistan statesmanship is based on the lawyer's strategy of stressing what is convenient and coolly ignoring and suppressing what is inconvenient has just been proved by—Sir Md. Zafrullah Khan. The Pakistan Foreign Minister who orated at record lengths at Security Council meetings to establish the charge of genocide against India has made an interesting statement in Lahore on the psychology of refugees and on why they become refugees. "Normally," he said, "people do not leave their home or the place where they earn their living and face starvation unless there are compelling reasons or considerations urging them to leave those places". Exactly. That is what makes nonsense of his one-sided and foolishly termed charge of "genocide". For, if millions left their homes in India for Pakistan, more left their homes in Pakistan for India. In fact, the psychological truth that Sir Zafrullah lays down to-day was long ago commended to the attention of the Security Council by the Government of India with a straightforwardness and honesty that was never emulated by Pakistan leaders. Sir Md. Zafrullah forgot that—about which lapse of memory there is an interesting proverb. But why did he forget his "genocide" charge that is so badly damaged by the principle that he commends now?

Some Questions

The reason is that he was thinking of another case where he thought the principle he had ignored at Lake Success would apply nicely, namely the case of Kashmir refugees to Pakistan. The answer to Sir Md. Zafrullah is, however, the same. The fact is that far more Kashmiris, both Hindus and Muslims, became refugees from the so-called "Azad Kashmir" areas than into them or Pakistan. And as Sir Md. Zfrullah says—in unacknowledged echo of the Government of India—"normally people do not leave their home or the place where they earn their living and face starvation unless there are compelling reasons or considerations urging them to leave those places". One word more. Thousands of refugees are returning to their homes in India and Kashmir. How many are returning from India and Kashmir to their homes in Pakistan and 'Azad Kashmir'"? When do people who are forced to flee return to their homes normally?

Deserved Choice

The unanimous election of Dr. John Matthai, India's Minister for Transport, as the chairman of the United Nations Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East for the current year, is to be appreciated as a handsome compliment paid by the Conference delegates to India, the host country of the session. It is to be equally appreciated, if not more, as a well deserved tribute, to the personality and attainments of Dr. Matthai himself. One of the most outstanding economists of India today, Dr. Matthai has distinguished himself in many fields of life and work. He is a scholar with the detachment born of a disciplined and scientific method of approach. But he is no obscurantist whose meaning is lost in layers of scholarly dust. His exposition is simple, direct and lucid, and it was this which made him a popular teacher, even more than his scholarship. To have a grasp of all facts is one thing: but to marshal them in an orderly array, without permitting the mere multiplicity of facts to confuse the main issue or issues is quite another thing. Dr. Matthai has the talent to get into the listener's skin as it were and the art of putting things over so as to carry conviction. This also implies the possession of patience with men who are slower-witted or not so well informed; and Dr. Matthai is blessed with an abundance of patience. An academician transferred to the field of administration generally finds himself a square peg in a round hole. Dr. Matthai compassed the transfer with effortless ease. A spirit of practical idealism has guided him in this and in all other things in his life.

Practical Steps Needed

His practical idealism as well as the clarity of his mind were demonstrated by his brief yet clear statement of the main problem which awaits solution at the hands of the U.N.E.C.A.F.E. The primary problem, he said, was the attainment of freedom from want. And this could be done by more production and better distribution. Each of these aspects of the same basic problem bristles with difficulties. The crisis of underproduction from which the world suffers is because the so-called advanced countries of Europe and America selfishly monopolised production and sought to keep Asia merely as a market for the goods produced by them. The constitution of the U.N.E.C.A.F.E. is in itself a recognition of this fact. But there are nations, with their vision blurred by narrow imperialist greeds, still seeking to exercise political and economic domination over Asian countries. Pandit Nehru has uttered a solemn warning to these nations to abandon that attitude. It is only by enabling countries like India with their tremendous production potential unexploited, to increase production that the battle for freedom from want can be won. But in order to achieve results it is necessary not only to make plans but build the machinery of implementation. It was here that the practical mind of the new chairman of the U.N.E.C.A.F.E. comes into the picture. He has suggested the setting up of some kind of organisation which would be in a position to carry the Commission's plans to the stage where they could be put into execution. The Commission would do well to concentrate on practical implementation of plans, far more than it has done so far.

Tête-à-Tête

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"If we had known that after the inauguration of Pakistan, we would be deprived of Karachi, our province of Sind would never have agreed to the establishment of Pakistan", said Mr. M. H. Gazdar, member of the Pakistan C. A. while urging postponement of the resolution on Karachi in the Pakistan C. A. last Saturday.

Mr. Gazdar bitterly charged the Pakistan Government for breach of faith by treating as a scrap of paper the Lahore resolution on Pakistan, which had guaranteed the complete sovereignty and autonomy of the provinces intended to constitute the Pakistan Federation.

—Press Report.

* * *

Qaid-e-Azam Mohamed Ali Jinnah, unwilling to be seen by Ittehad agents but eager to be heard through them by the world has declared that "India should not resort to methods of force coercion and violence to compel Hyderabad to accede to India".

Should India send —er—raiders and sympathetic tribesmen, so to speak, into Hyderabad?

* * *

But to proceed. "For", the Qaid-e-Azam explained, "it was contrary to high sense of morality, justice and fairplay in dealing with a sovereign indapendent neighbouring State".

You now get the meanin', point and purpose of the Qaid-e-Azam's words, don't you? Then we needn't proceed any further with the Qaid-e-Azam's recognition of Hyderabad, de jure, de justicee, de fairplayee or whatever be the Latin expressions for them.

* * *

Says Sir Md. Zafrullah: "Our sympathies are obviously with Hyderabad. We do not see why Hyderabad should be forced to accede to India".

Our sympathies are also with Hyderabad. And that is why we do not see why Hyderabad should be forced not to accede to India. (By "Hyderabad", of course, we mean Hyderabad).

* * *

A news agency report from Hyderabad says: "The consensus of opinion here tends to be that a satisfactory settlement will be arrived at soon".

Then a settlement will not be arrived at. "Consensus" implies majority. And, as you know, the principle of majority is rejected by Sir Zafrullah's "Hyderabad".

* * *

Addressing the UNECAFE session at Ooty, the Indian Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, said "...this business of any country thinking of itself as leader of others smacks too much of a superiority complex which is not desirable in organisations working together for the common good".

But how can the United States and the Soviet Union whom providence and historical circumstances respectively have called to their respective stations in life, help it?

* * *

The Prime Minister wanted the members of the Commission "to make it clear to the United Nations as a whole that any attempt not to pay enough attention to Asian problems, economic and others, is likely to defeat the ends which the United Nations have in view".

This is unfair. The United Nations has been attending most devotedly to Asian problems, which is conclusively proved by three instances: (1) The Indonesian Good Offices Commission, (2) The Kashmir Omnibus Commission and (3) united efforts to divide Palestine.

* * *

Incidentally, Jawaharlal also observed: "I should have liked to see the representatives here of Indonesia".

Hullo! Hasn't the Indonesian leader, Dr. Van Mook sent some?

Bar Criminal Appeals To Privy Council

Will any of your readers enlighten me as to why it has not hitherto been found expedient to enlarge the appelate jurisdiction of the Federal Court in Criminal Cases whereas Act No. I of 1948 has been already passed vesting the Federal Court with jurisdiction to hear all appeals from judgments, decrees or final orders of High Courts in Civil Cases from which direct appeals could have been brought to His Majesty in Council either with or without special leave if the Act in question had not been passed?

It appears that the said Act has been passed in exercise of the powers vested in the Dominion Legislature by Sec. 206 of the Government of India Act, 1935 as adapted by the India (provisional Constition) Order, 1947, made by the Governor General in pursuance of Sec. 9 (c) of the Indian Independence Act, 1947. In consequence Act No.I of 1948 abolishes direct appeals in Civil Cases from High Courts to His Majesty in Council either with or without special leave whereas by virtue of Sec. 208 (b) of Government of India Act, 1935 (as adapted)" an appeal may be brought to His Majesty in Council from a decision of the Federal Court "in any other case by leave of the Federal Court or of His Majesty in Council"

It is curious that Sec. 208 of the Government of India Act, 1935 (as adapted) has been left intact even after the passing of Act I of 1948 which consequently becomes farcical. It is therefore high time that in exercise of the powers vested in the Governor General by Sec. 9 (c) of the Indian Independence Act, 1947 Sec. 208 of the Government of India Act, 1935 (as adapted) was modified so as to bar any appeals to His Majesty in Council from the Federal Court. It is equally expedient to modify Sec. 206 of the said Act so as to enable the Dominion Legislature to abolish all appeals direct or indirect, in Criminal Cases as well irrespective of whether His Majesty in Council entertains such appeals in exercise of its inherent jurisdiction or otherwise, and to pass an Act similar to Act I of 1948, abolishing all Criminal Appeals to His Majesty in Council.

K. K. KELKAR

SOVIET BREAK WITH WEST?

Crisis In Germany Deepens

Russian Answer To Six-Power Decision In London

FRANKFURT, June 2. (Reuter): Stronger Russian pressure on the Western Allies in Berlin was expected here following the decision of the Six Power Conference, which ended in London last night, to set up a West German Government.

SOVIET CHALLENGE

Simultaneously with accusing the Western Allies of violating German unity, the Soviet Administration was considered likely to proclaim its own State of Germany as the only true Germany, with Berlin as the only true Capital.

Hopes of a currency reform that would provide a single monetary standard for all Germany on an agreed Four Power basis seemed to have vanished altogether.

LONDON DECISIONS

"Reuter's" London cable says:—

The main achievements of the Six-Power London talks on Germany are authoritatively stated to include:

(1) Agreement to set up a German Constituent Assembly for the three Western Zones on or about September 1 this year;

(2) The creation of an international control for the Ruhr industries composed of the six Powers—Britain, France, the United States, Belgium, the Netherlands and Luxembourg — and representatives of Western Germany, with powers over the distribution of key Ruhr products, in particular coal, coke aand steel, and

(3) Agreement to introduce currency reform in the Western Zones of Germany — probably early in July — but not it is anticipated in the Western sectors of Berlin writes Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

At the final session, attended by Heads of Delegations and presided over by Britain's Sir William Strang, the conference report for submission to the Governments of the participating powers, was signed. It is expressed that a formal 'communique' recording the conclusion of the conference in agreement on all points will be published tomorrow. A fuller summary of recommendations made by the conference will follow, probably at the beginning of next week.

GESTAPO METHODS IN SOVIET ZONE

BERLIN, June 2 (Reuter)—An official British document issued here alleged that the Soviet Military Administration had used "Gestapo methods of physical mishandling and beatings" in their Zone of Germany.

The document—a survey issued last night under the title "Pressure On The Democratic Parties In The Soviet Zone"—said that no opposition worthy of name can now be expected to any major items of Russian policy in the Eastern Zone.

Attendance of Soviet officers at faction meetings had become customary, the survey alleged, and cases were becoming frequent of politicians fleeing to Berlin or the west "merely because of unpleasant hints made to them at their local Kommandatura".

The building up of a vast "informer system" had penetrated nearly every aspect of political and economic life in the Soviet Zone, the survey said. It added that the pressure most feared by political workers was the "physical persuasion exercises by the Soviet Secret Police."

This police force had already claimed sufficient victims for it to be generally feared and detested, the British document said enough victims and escaped to the West "for the veracity of these Gestapo conditions to be proven."

Khan Of Kalat To Meet Jinnah

KARACHI, June 2 (UPI): The political circles here are still doubtful about the loyalty of Kalat State to Pakistan, although the Khan of Kalat recently announced his State's accession to it.

The National Party of Kalat is reported to have already started a campaign of victimising loyalist Makranis and Pathans. The sudden disappearance of Abul Karim, a brother of Khan of Kalat who was lately appointed Governor of Makran, has also given rise to considerable speculation. He is said to have crossed into Afghan territory, with huge quantities of ammunition and a band of followers, probably to secure a base for raids into Baluchistan territory.

The political circles in Karachi are also suspicious about the activities of the Foreign Minister of Kalat whose attitude has so far not been helpful to Pakistan.

The Khan of Kalat is expected to meet Quaid-e-Azam Jinnah in the course of this week to discuss the Kalat affairs. His last week's interview with the Governor-General of Pakistan is described as "courtesy call".

German Consembly

LONDON, June 1 (Reuter): The main achievements of the six-power London's talks on Germany, which ended tonight, are authoritatively stated to include. (1) Agreement to set up a German Constituent Assembly for the Ruhr industries comuosed of about September 1 this year; (2) The creation of an international control for the Ruhr industries composed of the six powers—Britain, France the United States, Belgium, the Netherlands and Luxembourg—and representatives of western Germany, with powers over the distribution of key Ruhr products, in particular coal coke and steel, and (3) Agreement to introduce currency reform in the Western Zones of Germany—probably early in July,—but not it is anticipated, writes Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent.

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JEDHE & MORE RESIGN

M.P.C.C. Meeting Convened In Poona On June 13 To Fill Up Vacancies

POONA, June 2 (API): Mr. Keshavrao Jedhe, President, Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee and a member of the Constituent Assembly, and Mr. S. S. More a member of its Executive and A.I.C.C. resigned from the Congress today along with 38 others.

These include: Messsrs. R. B. Raut, Tulsidas Jadhav, and R. K. Khadilkar.

A meeting of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee has been convened in Poona on June 13 to elect members and office-bearers in place of these who resigned today.

These resignations, it is stated, were in accordance with the directive issued by the recently formed Peasants and Workers Party of which Messrs. Jedhe and More are leaders.

TRANSFER OF CUTCH ADMINISTRATION

Sardar Patel On Importance Of State's Position

BHUJ (CUTCH), June 1 (API): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for States, Government of India, in a message to the Maharao and the people of Cutch on the occasion of the transfer of power, has assured the ruler and the people that under the central administration, the welfare and interests of the people would always command vigilant attention and sympathetic understanding.

Sardar Patel in his message expressed regret at his inability, for reasons of health, to be present on the occasion of the transfer of power to the Government of India, and said: "The administrative strategic and economic importance of Kutch cannot be overemphasised. It forms, as it were, an important frontier outpost of India, although backward in development, it possessed resources of immense potentialities. It has considerable scope for settlement of refugees uprooted from their homes and sorely needing succour, relief and rehabilitation. The people of Kutch are not lacking in grit, enterprise, determination, wealth and spirit of adventure. The success achieved by Kutchees in commerce and industry all over India is a sufficient testimony to those qualities.

"The people of Kutch have also taken a prominent part in India's struggle for independence, having always been ready to place India's interests above their own.

"I wish the people of Kutch all hapiness and prosperity and their ruler my heartiest congratulations on the spirit of self-sacrifice in the cause of the country which he has shown. I wish them all and the new administration godspeed".

RULER'S DONATION

Responding to the message, the Maharao of Cutch acknowledged the "kind words of appreciation and more specifically the reference to the self-sacrifice", conveyed by Sardar Patel. His Highness also announced a donation of three lakhs of khois (Cutch rupees) equivalent to Rs. one lakh, to the Mahatma Gandhi Memorial Fund as a token of his tribute to the real ideals for which Mahatma Gandhi worked throughout his life.

Madhya Bharat Cabinet To Be Sworn In On June 4

GWALIOR, June 2 (API): The swearing in ceremony of the Madhya Bharat Cabinet will be held at a special Darbar at Indore on June 4, it is reliably learnt.

The Rajpramukh and the Gwalior Minister of the Cabinet will fly to Indore on the same day.

Successor To Chundrigar

CALCUTTA, June 2. (U.P.I.): Mr. Habib Rahimtoola, Pakistan's High Commissioner in London, is likely to be appointed Minister in the Pakistan Government in the vacancy caused by the appointment of Mr. I. I. Chundrigar as Ambassador in Afghanistan according to the Karachi correspondent of the "Statesman."

The correspondent adds that Mr. Feroze Khan Noon is considered as the likely successor of Mr. Rahimtoola, but quarters in close touch with Mr. Noon state that he would decline any appointment which entails his going abroad.

Chitale Appointed Principal Of Law College

BOMBAY, June 2.

Prof. S. G. Chitale, has been appointed Principal and Perry Professor of jurisprudence, Government Law College, Bombay from June 1, 1948. Prof. Chitale practised on the appellate side of the Bombay High Court for over ten years before he joined the college in 1939 as a part-time professor of law.

In February 1944, he was appointed as full-time Professor of Law.

Latest Commercial

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, June 2

Previous Closing	33.65
Today's Opening	33.69
Difference	+4
Today's Closing	33.78
Difference	+13

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, June 2

Silver Bullion Forward	Rs. 167 12
Silver Chamber	167 8
Gold Forward	114 6
Sovereign	75 4

NO RESERVATION OF SEATS

Punjab Congress Working Committee's Decision

JULLUNDUR, June 2 (A.P.I.): The Working Committee of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee has passed a resolution opposing the reservation of seats for any community provided in the Indian Constitution.

The resolution says: "The Working Committee of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee strongly feels that reservation of seats for any community in the Constitution of India will create the spirit of separatism and encourage communal organisations. Therefore, the Working Committee is of the opinion that there should be no reservation of seats on communal basis. This step is necessary to create the desired intercommunal peace in the country".

ISSUE OF PETROL

Bombay Government's Clarification

The Director of Publicity, Government of Bombay, writes:—

The announcement which has appeared in this morning's newspapers regarding regulating the issue of petrol, is likely to create some misunderstanding in the minds of motorists. The Government of Bombay, therefore, desires to clarify the position for the confirmation of the public.

Owing to the transport difficulties, some times in the District, the stocks of petrol get depleted. In such an event, till these stocks are replenished it is necessary in the public interest to authorise the District Magistrates to distribute the limited stock in such a manner, that the essential services are kept going.

In order, therefore, to enable the local authorities to take action on the spot immediately without obtaining the Government's orders, it was considered desirable to authorise the District Magistrates and Area Rationing Authorities to deal promptly with such temporary shortages, which may occur in future in their respective areas.

As no such emergency has arisen at present, it is not necessary for the members of the public to have their coupons revalidated.

The above orders do not apply to Greater Bombay where the question of transport difficulty does not arise. There is, therefore, no change in the existing system of distribution that is prevailing in Greater Bombay.

Olympic Boxing Team Selection Trials

CALCUTTA, June 2 (API): A fairly good number of entries have been received from the Provincial Associations for the Indian Olympic Association boxing selection trials, which will be held at Calcutta on June 5, 6 and 7 for the selection of the Indian boxing team to take part in the Olympic Games in London in August this year.

DESPITE ACCEPTANCE OF TRUCE

Fighting Continues In Palestine

Arabs Demand Stoppage Of Jewish Immigration: Britain Backs Mediator's Mission

LONDON, June 2, (Reuter): Fighting continued in Palestine today in spite of conditional acceptance by Arabs and Jews of the United Nations proposal for a month's truce.

A Jewish reconnaissance force raided Transjordan territory penetrating eight miles, and Egyptians attacked Israeli territory in the Southern Negev desert and bombed Jewish positions in the vital Latrun area, key-point on the Jerusalem-Tel Aviv road.

The United Nation's Security Council was meeting to-night to examine both sides' "interpretation" of their acceptance of "cease-fire" proposals which have raised doubts whether fighting would soon cease.

While the Jews had in fact issued a cease-fire order last night, the Arab Governments in a statement to-day in Cairo replying to the Security Council said they would continue fighting until final cease-fire terms were accepted.

Arab Demand

The Arab reply made it clear that any truce agreement that did not stop Jewish immigrants would be unacceptable.

News of to-day's fighting included: in addition to the Transjordan Sortie, a Jewish attack on a rural police station at Ghores Safi, at the southern end of the Dead Sea. Eight of the garrison of 15 killed.

In spite of Haifa reports that the Jews were believed to be still under a "cease-fire" on all fronts, Reuter's Jerusalem correspondent reported an Arab legion statement that Jews mounted four attacks on the Old City during the night—two on the Zion Gate, one on Jaffa Gate and one on the New Gate. "We shot them up and killed at least 30." The Arab commander added.

LATRUN VILLAGE BOMBED.

The Egyptian attacks came three hours after the cease-fire deadline a Jewish statement in Tel Aviv said. Egyptian tanks supported by artillery assaulted the Jewish settlement of Negba in the southern Negev desert. Two hours later, Egyptian spitfire bombed the village of Hulda in the Latrun area.

A Haganah spokesman said the Cease-fire, which the Jews regarded as operative from 11 o'clock (G.M.T.) last night, found Jewish forces ready to strike at the Arab towns of Jenin and Tulkarm in the very heart of the Arab triangle."

No reports of fighting here were received during the day.

BEVIN ON CEASE-FIRE.

LONDON, June 2. (Reuter): British Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin, commenting to-day on the acceptance by Jews and Arabs of a four-weeks cease-fire in Palestine, said he hoped there were no detailed conditions which would prevent the cease-fire operating, and the discussions proceeding.

He was referring, in the House of Commons, to indications that the acceptances were qualified.

Mr. Bevin said "there are indications that there are qualifications in the acceptance, but I am not yet in possession of the full qualifications of both sides. No doubt these will come before the Security Council to-day".

Mr. Bevin said the Government had kept in the closest possible touch with the other Commonwealth Governments in all these matters.

"We are convinced it would be premature to express any further view or opinion about the form which the eventual settlement may take". he added.

Britain would give the mediator, Count Folke Bernadote, "our utmost assistance in this task."

"The House will join me in wishing him every success in a difficult role".

"Israel Reserves Freedom Of Action"

TEL AVIV, June 2 (Reuter): Mr. Moshe Shertok, Israel's Foreign Minister, said here that the Jewish State reserved freedom of action should the Arab states disagree with Israel's interpretion of the Security Council 'cease-fire' order.

"If the other side asks for more they will get it", he declared.

Asked whether the "dissident groups" (the Stern Gang and Irgun Zvai Leumi would also obey the 'cease-fire' order. Mr. Shertok said that these groups had announced their intention to dissolve once the Jewish State had been established.

Feisal-Bevin Talks

LONDON, June 2 (Reuter): Palestine is believed to have been the main subject of discussion when Emir Feisal, Foreign Minister of Saudi Arabia and a son of King Ibn Saud saw the Foreign Secretary Mr Ernest Bevin to-day

Arabs Break Truce?

TEL AVIV, June 2 (Reuter)—A Jewish Communique asserted today that Egyptian forces made two attacks on Israel territory after the Cease Fire had come into operation.

Three hours after the truce deadline Egyptian infantry backed by tanks and artillery attacked the Jewish settlement of Negba in the southern Negev desert, the Communique claimed.

The hours later Egyptian spitfires bombed the village of Hulda in the Latrun area, it added.

INDONESIAN BATTLE AT OOTY

(Continued From Page 1)

dom of the Netherlands which was responsible for the international relations of the whole area known as Netherlands Indies, could submit to this Commission an application for membership for the whole or any part of Netherland's Indies.

STATUS OF REPUBLIC

One of these Prof. Gellisen said, was to the effect that sovereignty throughout the Netherlands Indies shall remain with the Kingdom of the Netherlands until, after a stated interval, the Kingdom of the Netherlands transferred its sovereignty to the United States of Indonesia. The status of the present Indonesian Republic was to be that of a State within the United States of Indonesia. Important discussions were still going on under the auspices of the Good Offices Commission and both the political and economic aspects were being explored.

On the economic aspect of the question, Prof. Gelissen emphasised the need for economic unity of the whole of the future United States of Indonesia. It was with this in mind that the Netherlands delegations had sponsored the membership of the whole of Indonesia.

COMMISSION WARNED

In conclusion Prof. Gelissen warned the Commission against trying to cut the untangle political knots for which the Commission was not qualified. He asked the Commission to focus its mind on the plain economic facts of the case, which showed that no part of Indonesia could be independent economically of other parts. His Government had therefore, proposed to Indonesia and to this Commission "a simple and honest solution based on common sense".

PAKISTAN BACKS INDIA

Dr. L. K. Hyder (Pakistan) agreed with the views expressed by the delegate of India. He said Pakistan wholeheartedly supported the admission of the Indonesian Republic and was against further postponement of the question.

Mr. E. E. Ward (Australia) supported the Indian proposal and urged the Commission to take note of the "de facto" nature of the Republican Government and admit the same into the Commission, of course, without prejudice to political questions still to be resolved.

Mr. Vaithianathan (Ceylon) was in favour of admitting the Indonesian Republic as Associate Member.

Mr. H. Maux (France) said the Commission could not get away from legal questions in dealing with the matter.

Hon. Sao Hkun Hkin (Burma) agreed in detail with the Indian proposal.

Sir Andrew Clow, Leader of the United Kingdom Delegation supporting the stand taken by the Netherlands Delegation, stated that his delegation was entirely sympathetic with the desire to see all parts of Indonesia represented in the Commission. But on the basis of the terms of reference, the application had to be made through the Metropolian Power responsible. The Netherlands Government had applied for the whole area of Indonesia in terms which had not been discussed by those who spoke in supporting the Indonesian Republic on economic grounds. Also it would help the Conference to have complete representation and not a partial one. Sir Andrew Clow therefore hoped that the Netherlands application would have the support of the Commission.

When the Commission assembled after two hour adjournment for lunch Brigadier F. L. Hunt (New-Zealand) said that he wanted the people of Indonesia to be admitted to the Commission.

SOVIET SUPPORT TO INDIA

M. K. V. Novikov (Russia) supporting the Indian and Pakistan Delegation's point of view said the Indian delegate had proved that the Republic of Indonesia had a right to be represented as an Associate Member. The Soviet Delegation unreservedly supported this.

Countries like the Netherlands, France, and the United Kingdom which until recently possessed or even now possessed colonies in the ESCAFE Region, had brought forward irrelevant arguments.

GRADY WARNS COMMISSION

Dr. Henry Grady United States supporting Netherlands warned the Commission that precedents such as ITO membership quoted by Indian delegate "sometimes take the form of chickens coming home to roost."

He reminded India that till she became free she had independent commercial relations with foreign countries but because of that it was never contended that India was controlling her foreign relations. In view of Netherlands' assurance that representatives of Indonesian Republic would be invited to join the Delegation sponsored by them Dr. Grady did not think there was any reason for Commission at this time to single out Indonesian Republic for direct representation.

Dr. Mukerjee (India) pointed out that while the agreement referred to by Dr. Grady and the Netherlands' delegate on foreign relations of the Indonesian Republic being exercised by the Netherlands Government was signed on January 17, the Indonesian Republic was admitted to the Interim Commission of the International Trade Organisation on March 15.

CHINESE SOLUTIONS

Dr. C. M. Li (China) said that he was in favour of representation of the interests of all people in Indonesia. But in view of the widely divergent position taken by the various members of the Commission he hoped that a solution could be found which would be acceptable to both sides. He suggested that the discussion be adjourned to give the Indian and Netherlands delegates time to confer and arrive at a solution.

Dr. Guaderno of Philippines seconded this motion.

Both the Indian and Netherlands' delegates accepted this suggestion. Dr. Syam Prasad Mukerjee adding that the adjournement should be short, for a period of three days.

The motion was carried unanimously.

Tourists' Match Against Hampshire Begins

HOME TEAM ALL OUT FOR 195 IN FIRST INNINGS

HAMPSHIRE	(1ST INNINGS)	195
AUSTRALIANS	(1ST INNINGS) FOR TWO WKTS.	54

Southampton, June 2 (Reuter) Hampshire were all out in their first innings for 195 runs in their match against the Australian tourists which commenced here today.

Australians batting next scored 54 for two.

RAIN DELAYS START

Slight rain here early today threatened to delay the start of the Australians match against Hampshire.

The rain ceased and a start was made at 12-15 P.M. (B.S.T.). Australians won the toss and put Hampshire in to bat.

All the Australians wore sweaters in chilly conditions. Miller, who wore three when not bowling, soon discovered the pitch was not suited to a pace attack and turned to his off spinners.

At 36 Rogers lost his wicket when after lifting Bill Johnston to the sight screen for four he mistimed a drive off the same bowler and gave Barnes an easy catch at silly Midon. The drying pitch made the ball lift awkwardly and Johnston varying his fast-medium left-arm deliveries caused both batsmen uncertain moments.

Fifty went up in even time and in the last over before lunch with the total at 65 Dawson played forward to Ian Johnson for another easy catch by Barnes.

ARNOLD'S PERFORMANCE

Arnold batted confidently if stolidly against a consistently good attack, in which both off-spinners, Johnson and Johnston, maintained a hostile attack. Hooking and driving well after an uncertain start, Arnold hit 5 fours during his stay of 2 hours 25 minutes. Loxton, taking the new ball at 123 bowled him without addition.

Paris had edged Bill Johnston's slower delivery to second slip at 72.

Resuming 15 minutes stoppage through rain at 96, Bailey hoisted the 100 in 120 minutes. He was out soon afterwards, and Hampshire lost their 6 wickets just before tea.

AUSTRALIANS' BATTING

The Australians batted 65 minutes and lost Brown at 6 and Barnes, missed when 10, at 38.

Brown, who had scored four centuries in his previous 5 innings, turned a ball to leg where Ransom, one of three men crouching within a few yards of the bat, took a fine catch close to the ground.

Four runs later Barnes was almost caught and bowled by Ransom, who actually grasped the ball but could not hold it as he fell forward.

Barnes was decided by a well-flighted ball from Bailey.

Shortly before the close Miller kicked a ball away from his wicket and started to run but was sent back by Umpire Davies.

The Australians finished up 141 runs behind.

Score Board

HAMPSHIRE (1st Innings)

Arnold b Loxton	48
Rogers c Barnes b Bill Johnston	19
Dason c Barnes b Ian Johnson	11
Paris c Ian Johnson b Bill Johnston	1
Bailey lbw b Bill Johnston	25
Eagar lbw b Ian Johnson	15
Hill c Miller b Bill Johnston	33
Andrews b Bill Johnston	4
Ransom b Ring	11
Herman b Bill Johnston	1
Knott not out	1
Extras	26
Total (all out)	195

FALL OF WKTS: 1 for 36, 2 for 65, 3 for 72, 4 for 116, 5 for 123, 6 for 148 7 for 167, 8 for 189, nine for 194.

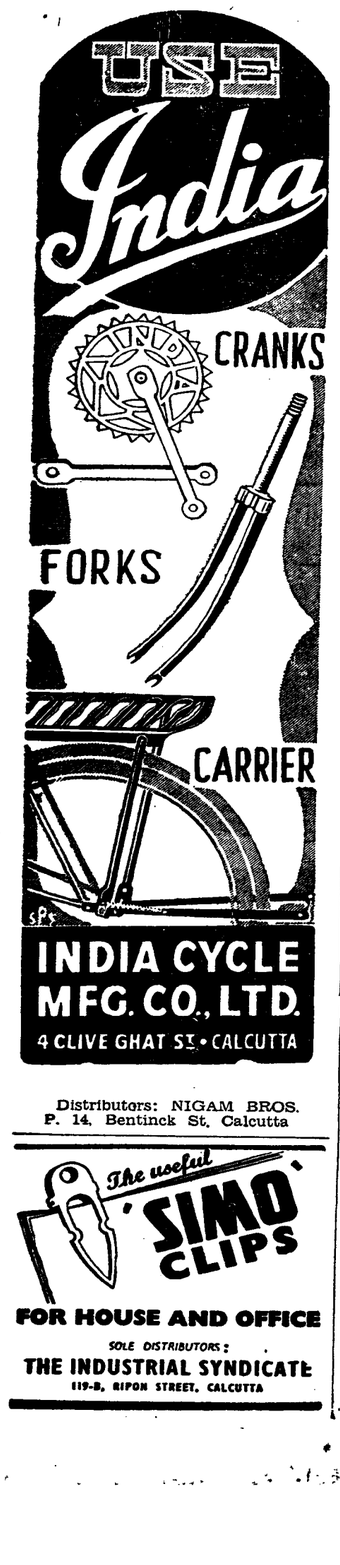
AUSTRALIANS (1st Innings)

Brown c Ransom b Herman	0
Barnes lbw b Bailey	20
Hassett (not out)	18
Miller (not out)	11
Extras	5
Total (for 2 wkts.)	54

FALL OF WKTS: 1 for 6 and 2 for 38.

LANCASHIRE HERO

Malcolm Hilton, 19-year-old Lancashire cricketer, bowled Don Bradman for 11 in the match against Australian tourists.



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Stop Press

TWO YUGOSLAV DIPLOMATS TO BE DISMISSED.

BELGRADE, June 2. (Reuter): The Presidium of the Yugoslav National Assembly has decided to recall M. Bojin Simitch, Yugoslav Ambassador in Ankara, and M. Lyubo Leontuch, Ambassador in London, in order to dismiss them, Tanjug, the Yugoslav New Agency, reported to-day.

BR. MOVE TO EXPEL RUSSIAN WIVES.

LONDON, June 2. (Reuter): The Government to-day rejected a suggestion by Lord Vansittart that Britain should expel Russian wives in Britain in retaliation for the ban by the Soviet Government on Soviet-born wives joining their husbands in Britain.

R

ISMAIL SULEMAN and SHAMJI DEVJI HIRA were convicted and each sentenced to two months' simple imprisonment for possessing rice in excess of their 'normal' requirements.

VRAJLAL ODHAVJI was convicted and sentenced to three months' simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 2,000, or four months' simple imprisonment, for profiteering in galvanised iron sheets.

UMERSHI CHANABHAI of Umershi Ladhabhai and Co., Bhat Bazar was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 2,000 'or six months' simple imprisonment in default, for submitting false declarations of the stocks of Gur

INDIA WANTS PEACE FOR HER PROGRESS

RAJAJI STRSSES NEED FOR SOLVING INTERNAL PROBLEMS

CALCUTTA, June 1 (A.P.I.): "We have potentialities for a great future; the resources, of our country are fairly great. The level of culture and education that the intelligentsia have attained, is also fairly high. If only therefore we have peace, India will soon become a truly great member in the comity of free nations", H. E. Mr. C. Rajagopalachary addressing the Calcutta Rotary Club yesterday.

"Nothing will stand in the way of our glory unless we make our own folly do it", he added. "There are fools among us, people who will shout 'honour' and would have their men and women act recklessly. But thank god we have still men among us who lead, whose stature and whose wise leadership are not inferior to the stature and the wisdom of the great statesmen of the civilised world.

Continuing Mr. Rajagopalachar said: "We need not worry about that what other peoples of the world may be thinking or doing. It is only if we are engaged in any enterprise of a doubtful character that we should be anxious about propaganda. Our only problem is internal."

HEAVENLY TWILIGHT

Referring to the greatest honour bestowed on him by his comrades he said "It fills the evening of my life as with heavenly twilight. There is nothing more divine among earthly things than human affection and confidence. It is this aspect of it that compensates for the accompanying feeling of doubt whether I have not taken a false step in yielding to the pressure of my colleagues.

"The affairs of our state are at present so entangled that it is the height of temerity for one like me at this period of my life to accept an office which whatever be the present constitutional position, has been associated until this moment with the highest responsibility in the state.

MESSAGE TO BENGAL

Concluding he said "I leave only one message. Hindus and Muslims in East Bengal or West Bengal, remember I am a friend whom you can continue to trust. You have experienced the joy of peace and goodwill. Do not listen to foolish and wicked voices but continue to foster goodwill in every possible way.

May Gandhiji's memory ever be an inspiration to you all. His greatness reached its height in Bengal. May we do all we can to make and maintain Bengal as a monument of his great life.

This historical Association it is not easy for people at once to forget. The greatest expectations have been raised in the minds of good men scattered all over the world who are interested in the progress and happiness of the people of free and independent India. When millions in this country and abroad wish eagerly for a good thing and pray for it God may grant the wish and may use me as an instrument for the purpose. You all know what I want. It is unthinkable that we should thoughtlessly allow our dear country to be plunged in civil strife again.

INDIA'S POTENTIALITIES

"We have potentialities for a great future. The resources of our country are fairly great. The level of culture and education that the intelligentsia among our people have attained is also fairly high. Our past and the traditions of culture and civilisation we possess are of the highest quality. Therefore the potentiality of free India is great. If only we have peace, India will soon become a truly great member in the comity of free nations. The West has nothing but goolwill towards us and the East is united with us in indissoluble bonds of culture and faith and is feeling as intensely relieved at the independence of India as we ourselves who have been released from bondage. All the peoples of the East feel relieved because the freedom of India is tantamount to the freedom of all south Asia.

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India Government Did Not Ask For Marshall Aid

NEW DELHI, June 2 (IPA)—Official circles were surprised at the reports appearing in Indian Press about India having applied for aid under the Marshall Plan, and the United States' reaction to it.

These circles questioned what authority certain gentleman now in Paris representing the All-India Kisan Congress (Mr. N. V. Naidu) had to say that India was asking for Marshall Aid for reconstruction of her economy.

Indian Press Association understands that the Government of India have not made any request to the United States Government for aid under the Marshall Aid Plan nor is there any such proposal under their consideration.

MAIL DELIVERY BY HELICOPTER

LONDON, June 1 (Reuter)—A new chapter in British post office history opened today when a Halicopter took off with 13,000 letters on a 225 mile circular route in Eastern England.

Mail delivery is expected to be speeded up by 12 hours by the new service.

Indian Editors Entertained

LONDON, June 1. (Reuter): Mr. P. J. Noel-Baker, Secretary of State for Commonwealth Relations, gave a tea party in the House of Commons today for the Indian Newspaper Publishers Delegation now in London for negotiations with Reuter's Limited, in connection with the future of the Associated Press of India.

The Delegation members present were Mr. Kasturi Srinivasan (leader) Mr. C. A. Srinivasan, Mr. Ramnath Goenka, Mr. Devadas Gandhi and Mr. S. Sadanand.

Among the guests were Lord Pethic Lawrence, Former Secretary of State for India, Mr. A Gordon-Waler, Under-Secretary of State for Commonwealth Relations; Mr. V K Krishna Menon; High Commissioner for India; Mr. John Turner; General Manager of Reuter's in the East, Mr. A S. Bharatan, Deputy General Manager of Reuter's in the East, Mr. Geoffrey Imeson, Joint Assistant Managing Editor of Reuter's, London, Mr. Reginald Sorensen, M.P., Sir Stanley Reed, M. P. Woodrow Wyatt, M.P. Mrs. Muriel Nichols, M.P., Mr. Wiliam Cove, M.P. and Mr. William Dobbie, M.P.

Karachi Editor Undertakes Hunger Strike

KARACHI June 1 (A. P. I.): From 10 a.m. today Hakim Fazlur Rehman, refugee editor of the "Muslim Avaz" began his fast unto death before the Sind Premier's office.

A placard pinned to the office wall enumerating the reason of the hunger strike states that he has undertaken to fast unto death as a protest against the housing difficulties.

Hakim Fazlur Rehman, approached by pressmen, stated that he had been allotted a house after much difficulty and was later ejected without being provided with any alternate accommodation.

The Sind Premier, Pir Illahi Bakhsh, due to preoccupation did not attend the office and attempts by his staff to dissuade the Hakim from undertaking the fast unto death proved abortive.

B. COM. AND INTER COM. EXAM RESULTS

The following candidates have passed the B. Com. Examination, held in last March:—

FIRST CLASS (IN ORDER OF MERIT) Nos:—

429 190 851 305.

SECOND CLASS NOS:—

								3	5	8
15	21	25	27	28	34	37	44	55	57	
59	60	78	94	98	100	104	115	116		
123	140	141	157	181	197	202	205	207		
216	225	230	232	234	238	239	251	283		
285	295	301	307	315	317	344	348	351		
381	383	385	416	418	419	421	430	431		
443	449	471	473	482	496	506	510	517		
523	534	535	544	547	548	552	553	554		
556	569	572	574	575	583	591	592	600		
615	621	623	625	626	638	639	656	667		
669	673	702	703	749	761	763	765	770		
773	775	777	825	826	850	856	880	894		
913	918	925	932	944	960	975	985.			

PASS CLASS NOS.:— 1 2 4 9

14	24	30	32	33	36	42	45	49	
63	67	69	71	72	73	75	82	83	
89	95	97	101	105	109	112	114	117	
120	126	132	134	135	136	137	143	145	
146	147	148	150	151	153	155	158	159	
160	166	168	169	170	172	174	177	178	
180	184	195	196	199	210	211	213	214	
215	217	220	227	228	231	235	236	241	
242	244	246	247	248	249	250	253	254	
258	260	262	264	267	269	271	276	287	
288	289	290	291	294	297	298	299	300	
306	310	311	318	319	320	321	323	324	
330	334	335	337	338	342	345	346	349	
350	352	353	355	358	363	365	366	367	
368	373	376	377	380	384	386	387	389	
393	394	404	409	410	428	436	438	444	
456	459	461	465	467	468	469	470	474	
476	480	481	483	486	487	489	495	497	
507	509	514	515	516	522	524	526	527	
528	536	537	538	539	541	542	545	557	
561	562	563	564	577	579	582	585	595	
596	605	606	607	608	609	610	624	628	
629	633	635	648	656	658	659	660	661	
664	672	677	686	688	691	700	718	720	
725	726	729	735	738	741	743	745	748	
751	752	754	756	757	759	772	774	776	
779	787	791	794	798	800	805	810	811	
812	814	820	822	831	837	838	845	848	
849	852	853	854	855	858	860	861	862	
864	867	868	869	871	872	877	879	881	
891	895	896	897	898	899	905	915	919	
923	924	926	928	934	935	938	941	942	
946	949	950	953	954	956	964	970	82	
983	988	990	992	998	1000	1011.			

Passed in Additional Special Subject only Nos. :—

499 500 501 502 503 504 505 642.

The result of candidate No. 559 has been held in reserve.

The M. R. D'Souza Scholarship has been awarded to No. 429.

The following candidates have passed the Intermediate Commerce (New Rules) Examination:—

FIRST CLASS (IN ORDER OF MERIT) NOS:—492, 480, 498.

SECOND CLASS NOS:—7 24 39 72 76 78 80 81 91 95 96 99 160 222 306 319 342 343 373 396 400 425 445 447 449 470 479 484 486 487 494 496 501 505 507 508 529 557 567 570 584 598 599 609 611 628 648 664 674 687 696 701 727 730 734 766 790 802 812 847 888 902 916 935 990 1082 1196 1244 1247 1249 1250 1253 1254 1255 1259.

PASS CLASS NOS:—3 8 10 14 16 17 18 19 20 25 26 27 32 36 37 38 40 41 43 48 49 51 55 56 57 60 64 67 68 77 90 92 93 94 98 101 103 106 107 109 110 111 112 113 114 119 120 121 124 125 127 131 132 133 134 135 137 139 140 146 154 155 157 159 166 167 169 170 177 180 181 183 184 188 189 190 191 194 205 206 208 218 234 241 249 250 255 259 267 268 271 272 273 278 279 281 289 291 293 295 296 307 308 311 314 315 316 317 320 322 323 326 327 329 335 337 339 340 341 344 346 355 359 361 362 370 372 378 384 392 393 395 404 405 406 407 410 411 414 415 418 420 421 423 424 427 429 430 431 433 434 437 438 439 440 443 446 448 452 453 456 462 463 469 478 481 482 485 489 491 493 500 502 503 511 513 516 518 520 522 524 528 531 533 534 536 537 538 541 542 554 555 556 563 564 565 566 568 571 573 575 576 580 581 588 596 601 605 607 610 616 617 618 624 626 631 635 636 637 641 642 643 645 646 647 649 652 655 657 658 662 663 665 669 671 673 679 680 682 691 692 694 697 698 699 700 703 713 715 717 720 721 725 726 728 729 732 736 738 741 743 745 746 747 751 756 757 759 761 776 778 780 781 786 794 797 804 805 807 817 824 827 828 829 834 840 841 845 850 851 859 863 864 865 869 882 884 886 889 891 892 893 895 898 904 906 907 908 909 913 914 924 932 934 936 938 939 940 941 945 949 950 955 957 959 964 966 977 984 985 986 987 988 994 995 996 997 1000 1001 1002 1004 1007 1008 1009 1012 1014 1016 1023 1029 1033 1035 1036 1040 1041 1043 1045 1047 1050 1054 1055 1059 1061 1074 1078 1079 1086 1092 1095 1105 1106 1107 1109 1118 1119 1123 1132 1134 1135 1141 1144 1161 1164 1167 1171 1174 1176 1179 1184 1187 1189 1193 1194 1195 1197 1198 1199 1217 1222 1224 1226 1230 1235 1238 1241 1242 1246 1252 1256 1258 1260 1261.

The result of candidate No. 313 has been held in reserve.

The Sholarships have been awarded as under:—

1 The Mangaldas Harivallabhdas Commerce Scholarship No. 498.

2 The Sir James Bebgie Scholarship in advance Banking to No. 480.

3 The Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola Commerce Scholarship no. 492.

INTER-COM. RESULTS

The following candidates have passed the Intermediate Commerce (Old Rules) Examination:

FIRST CLASS No.: 1498

SECOND CLASS Nos.: 1306 1327 1478 1479 1535 1683 1704 1753 1833 1834 1849 2037

PASS CLASS Nos.: 1267 1276 1278 1281 1282 1283 1284 1285 1286 1289 1295 1296 1297 1300 1304 1305 1307 1310 1312 1313 1314 1315 1316 1318 1322 1323 1324 1325 1326 1328 1329 1330 1332 1333 1334 1335 1336 1337 1339 1341 1343 1345 1349 1351 1354 1355 1356 1358 1359 1362 1363 1364 1365 1366 1367 1368 1370 1371 1372 1375 1377 1378 1379 1380 1381 1382 1383 1386 1387 1388 1393 1394 1395 1397 1399 1400 1401 1403 1404 1405 1406 1407 1409 1410 1411 1412 1413 1414 1417 1418 1419 1420 1421 1427 1428 1429 1431 1436 1437 1440 1441 1442 1444 1445 1448 1449 1450 1451 1452 1455 1457 1458 1459 1461 1464 1466 1468 1469 1470 1472 1474 1476 1482 1483 1484 1486 1487 1488 1491 1493 1494 1495 1501 1502 1503 1508 1511 1512 1515 1516 1517 1521 1522 1529 1534 1536 1540 1541 1543 1547 1548 1549 1551 1557 1560 1564 1565 1567 1568 1571 1572 1573 1574 1577 1581 1584 1586 1589 1591 1593 1594 1595 1599 1602 1603 1605 1606 1607 1611 1612 1616 1617 1618 1619 1620 1628 1629 1630 1631 1632 1634 1635 1637 1641 1648 1649 1651 1652 1654 1655 1656 1657 1658 1660 1661 1663 1664 1667 1674 1677 1679 1680 1681 1682 1686 1687 1688 1692 1693 1697 1698 1701 1702 1703 1705 1706 1707 1708 1711 1712 1713 1714 1717 1719 1721 1722 1723 1725 1727 1728 1730 1731 1733 1734 1736 1737 1740 1741 1742 1743 1744 1749 1750 1754 1755 1756 1757 1758 1759 1760 1762 1763 1765 1767 1771 1772 1773 1774 1776 1777 1778 1784 1786 1791 1793 1800 1804 1805 1807 1809 1810 1811 1812 1813 1814 1815 1817 1818 1820 1823 1824 1829 1830 1831 1832 1836 1838 1841 1842 1843 1844 1845 1846 1851 1853 1854 1855 1856 1859 1860 1861 1862 1863 1864 1866 1867 1868 1870 1871 1877 1878 1879 1881 1882 1883 1884 1889 1890 1891 1894 1895 1896 1898 1899 1900 1901 1903 1905 1907 1908 1909 1914 1916 1917 1918 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929 1930 1932 1933 1939 1940 1942 1943 1945 1946 1947 1950 1952 1953 1954 1957 1959 1961 1963 1964 1965 1967 1971 1972 1974 1975 1978 1983 1984 1987 1988 1989 1991 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2001 2002 2004 2005 2006 2008 2010 2011 2013 2014 2018 2019 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2032 2035 2040 2043 2046 2048 2050 2051.

Britain Worried Over Dollar Burdens

British Officials Inform Economic Co-operation Administration

WASHINGTON, June 1 (Reuter)—British officials have informed the Economic Co-operative Administration here that their country can accept no dollars in the form of loans unless they are intended for self repaying projects and for "consumption" goods.

The result of this decision, it is understood will be that the 100,000,000 dollars tentatively allocated to Britain by the administration for the April-June 30 quarter of this year, will almost certainly not be used immediately and may actually remain idle for some time while British officials and E.C.A. experts work out the details of projects mutually satisfactory to both sides.

British officials have been considerably concerned over the past few weeks about the advisability of accepting more dollar loan burdens. They were disturbed over the fact that, of Britain's first quarter Marshall Plan allocation of 400,000,000 dollars 25 per cent was specifically labelled as being available on a loan basis only.

These loans, it was understood, will carry a heavier interest rate than the original post-war American loan to Britain—around three per cent—and will, therefore add to the considerable annual repayment obligation that Britain must assume, starting in 1925.

The decision taken, therefore, is that no current consumption goods—wheat, cotton, tobacco,, food,, petroleum and the like—will be paid for in loan dollars.

STEALING IS FUN, TO S. AFRICAN EUROPEANS

Durban Magistrate's Severe Warning

DURBAN, June 1 (Reuter)—A Durban Magistrate today told two Europeans whe were acquitted on a charge of stealing tents belonging to Indian passive resisters that had they been found guilty their punishment would have been the severest.

"I warn you", said Magistrate J. Steenkamp, "especially that the new Government which many people hold to be prejudiced on the race question is taking over, not to make their task more difficult. No matter what man's race, colour or creed may be, he is entitled to respect. Had there been evidence you were guilty the sentence would have been the severest.

The tents were pitched at the passive resisters site at Gale strcet and were occupied by two Indians. The evidence was that accused brothers named Bosman took two tents and placed them on the city hall steps.

The Magistrate said the fact that the tents were placed on city hall steps did not prove intention to steal. "You say you acted in fun but there is more behind it than that."

The men were acquitted on charge of stealing the tents, also on charge of burning two other tents. The Magistrate said there was strong suspicion that the Bosman brothers burnt other tents but there was no clear evidence.

Frontier Gandhi To Visit London

LONDON, June 2, (I. P. A.): Indian Press Association learns that the Frontier Gandhi, Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan is due to visit London in response to an invitation extended personally by Mr. S. B. Khan, London Secretary of the India-Pakistan Unity Front who returned from a tour of Pakistan recently.

The news of Frontier Gandhi's visit was announced after a meeting of the Unity Front, which met last evening to chalk out an elaborate programme for his extensive tour of the country. A public reception will be given to the Frontier Gandhi by the Indian community in London.

British Loan To France

PARIS, June 1 (Reuter): Britain will give France a ten-million pound credit under an agreement signed in Paris today, it was officially announced here. The credit is intended to help French purchases from the sterling area, for which France has a large deficit

Fabulous Profit By Anglo-Iranian Oil Company

LONDON, June 2, (I. P. A.): The Anglo-Iranian Oil Company suprised the city of London by announcing a boom in its earnings for the current year. The net profit for the year 1947 soared from £9,624,000 to £18,564,000. The dividend on ordinary capital, however, remained unchanged at 30 per cent for the past year.

India And Pakistan Follow 'Road To Reaction'

'New Times' Criticises Govts' Repression Of Peoples' Movement

MOSCOW, June 2 (Renter): The Moscow magazine "New Times" has declared that leaders both of the Congress Party and Muslim League are becoming "toy imperialists, blindly following an anti-peoples policy"

This statement was made in an article by M. Alexi Dyakove, described as a leading Russian expert on India.

He said that the Congress leaders had not fulfilled their election promises, but had begun a policy if suppressing the people's movements.

Starting with the pledge that India would have an independent policy Pandit Nehru's Cabinet had now accepted the "enslaving help" of the United States, M. Dyakov declared.

"Thus the Nehru Government puts India in direct political economic dependence not only on London but also on Washington," he said.

M. Dyakov declared that leading circles both in India and Pakistan were becoming more and more isolated from the masses of the population. They were following the "road of reaction", he said.

He charged the Indian authorities with siding with big business against the workers in industrial disputes. The promise, of nationalisation in industry remained a paper one, he said.

M Dyakov declared that the promised land reform had been postponed indefinitely.

TECHNICAL OFFICERS

FOR THE INDIAN ARMY

Applications are invited from Indian nationals who are graduates in Engineering and are up to 27 years of age on 1st January, 1949 for the grant of Permanent Commissions in the Army Details may be obtained on application from the Army Headquarters, Adjutant General's Branch, Org. SP, New Delhi GHQ APO. Last date for the receipt of completed application forms in Army Headquarters is 21st June, 1948.

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FACT

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SHARES CONTINUE TO BE DULL

Fine Improvement In Cotton—Securities Steady—Gold And Silver Easy

BOMBAY, June 2.

In the absence of any unfavourable advices on the political front the local Stock Exchange opened steady with prices indicating a slight improvement over the overnight closing levels. Trading on the whole was again dull and featureless, operators preferring to keep back commitments. Price movements were therefore confined to a narrow range due to provt-taking at higher levels.

Opening 13 points higher at Rs. 1650, Tata Steel Deferred gained six more points and later remained steady around Rs. 1652. Tata Ordinary fluctuated between Rs. 326 and Rs. 326-8 after touching the highest at Rs. 327. Indian Irons were dull around Rs. 29-6.

The mill section showed dull trading throughout the session. Bombay Dyeing touched Rs. 1111-4 level after opening at Rs. 1110 and was thereafter quiet around Rs. 1108-12 in absence of any support. There was moderate buying in Kohinoor at Rs. 642. The price however declined to Rs. 641 after touching Rs. 644. Swadeshi was dull at Rs. 636, and Simplex fluctuated narrowly between Rs. 233 and Rs. 235. Nagpur, Finlay and Gokak were placed at Rs. 315, Rs. 332 and Rs. 320 respectively.

Banks and Insurance were firm. Imperial Fully Paid finding buyers at Rs. 2047-8 and Central Bank at Rs. 86-4.

In the Miscellaneous section Scindias were done at Rs. 28-4, whereas Construction found buyers at Rs. 238. A Cement was quoted at Rs. 173-4.

Securities were steady with 3 per cent Conversion being quoted at Rs. 98-12.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1103-12 Kohinoor 641 Swadeshi 637 Nagpur 316 Simplex 234 New Great 185 Gokak X.D. 325 Indore 537-8 Century 515 Colaba X. R. 185 Bleaching 168-8 Swan 356 Finlay 331-8 Morarji 510 Edward 590 Meyer 170 Apollo 3-14-6 I.U. Ordinary 15-3-6 I. U. Defd. 2-10-6 Madhusudan 245 Poddar 197-8 Khatau 262|8.

STEEL

Tata Steel Ord. 326 Tata Steel Defd. 1652-8 second 140

CEMENTS

Associated Merger 173.

INDUSTRIES

Burma 455 Belapur 341 Shivrajpur 35-8 Scindia 28-2 Construction 235-8 Tata Chemical 15-15 Tata Oil 55-8 Indian Iron 29-5 Bengal 24-5

ELECTRICS

Tata Hydro 157 Andhra X.D. 1382-8 Tata Power 1505.

MILLS (CASH)

Elphinstone 87 Phoenix 457|8 Ind Mfg. 4220 Koorla 300 Dawn 1545 David 150 New City 200 Minerva 210/10 Bradbury 680 Bharucha (Defd.) 5 Bharat 37-12 Mysore 230-10 Madhavji 15-2 Model 205 Laxmi 800 Vishnu 310 Western 4060 Standard 580 Sholapur 5950 Sassoon Cotton 19 Hindustan 4250 Tata 70-8 Ahmedabad Advance 276|4 Sassoon Silk 85 New Union 16 Madhusudan B. 47 Shrinivas 227|8 Raja Bahadur 115 Berar 265 Victoria 225 D. Colaba Coupon 50.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 113-2 New 109-6 Surat 143/12 Karachi 118/12 Broach 10-6 Aimer 10/11 Amalgamated 15/8 Nagpur 53/8 Poona 150 Bombay Suburban 150/10 Bombay Suburban New 131/4

BANK SHARES

Reserve 110 Imperial 2047-8 P. P. 507-8 Central 86 New 87-4 India 226 Union 9-10 Baroda 155-4 Habib 151-8 Dena Bank 52 United Commercial 63/12 Jaipur 51 Hindustan Com. 34 Mysore 365 Exchange (Ord.) 50 Eastern 105

INSURANCE

Oriental 5075 Empire 685 New India 70 Jupiter 26-8 Vulcan 11-14 Indian Mercantile 47 Universal Fire 11/4 British India General 23|8 Prud 29 Neptune / New Great 25 All-India General 20/12.

RAILWAY SHARES (CASH)

C. P. 109 Mymensingh 95 Mymensingh guaranteed 100. Pachora 107

MISCELLANEOUS (CASH)

Alcock 331|4 Steamer 547|8 Burma. New 156-4 Burma Petrol 2-9 Mackenzie 90 Port Canning 70 Kemp 480 Kemp (New) 465 Zandu Pharmacy 155 Ind. Investment Trust 98 8 Wimco 277-8 Dharmsy Chemical 38-8, Mukund Iron 10. Dena Trust 21 Alembic 257/8 Supreme India 130; Jam Wire 108 Bombay Uganda 69/8 Bombay Motor Cycle 42. Indian Cement 33 Waichand Nagar Industries 221/4 United Motor 74 A. C. C. New 110-4 Bombay Safe Deposit 910, Hydary Construction 16, Mohmadi Steam 98 Gujarat Motor 25-2, Sardar Carbolic 750, Harvey Press 310, Estrella Batteries 51, Prince of Wales 610, Manmad Press 120.

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st Pref. 193/12 Andhra Valley 1212|8 Tata Power 1322|8 Hydro 124/6 Bombay Steamer 307/8 Nagpur 636/4 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 850 Luxmi 307-8 New Great 222-8 Podar 115 Shriniwas 98 Elphinstone 120 Bradbury 385 Surat Elec. 130 Pre. Construction (1st.) 126-4; 2nd 126/4 Amalgamated 123/8 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 127-8 Walchandnagar 250 Jupiter 19-14 Supreme 120 Meyer 121/4 McKenzie (1st) 127/8 2nd 125 Ahmedabad Advance 132/8 Mysore Mill 50 Standard 101 Madhusudan 12.

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952 (4) 102/12, Bombay Steamer (1959) 104/2 Indian Hume Pipe 111, Tata Power (1951) 103. Walchand Nagar 117.

OUTSIDERS

Indian Copper 2|12 B.I.C. 8|8 Burma Corporation 3|13 New Victoria Mill 4-12 New Victoria Mill Preference 5-12 Phalton 132 Gold Mohur 325 New Kaiser-I-Hind 375 Sajjan Mill 250 Osmanshahi 220 Ajamshahi 230 Air Service 11 Ambica 16 Air India 150 Hind Motor 6-6 India Steam 12-6.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE CLOSING QUOTATIONS AT 2-30 P.M.

BOMBAY, June 2.

Tata Ordinary 326; Tata Deferred 1652-8; Indian Iron 29-5; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 24-5; Bombay Dyeing 1103-12; Central India 316-4; Gokak 325; Kohinoor 641-4; Simplex 234; Swadeshi 636-14; Tata Power 1505; Associated Cement 173; Belapur 341-4; Bombay Burma (Old) 455; Scindia 28-2; Central Bank 86-4; New India 70; Tata 2nd Pref. 140.

FLUCTUATIONS

BOMBAY June 2.

Following were the fluctrations in some of the important scrips on Wednesday.

MILLS.

Apollo 3/14/6
Bharucha (Defd.) 5
B. Dyeing 1110 11/4 6/4 7/8 3/12
C. India 315/8 15 16 15 16
Century 513/12 16/4 15
Elphinstone (Ord.) 87 86/8 87
Finlay 332 31 31/8
Gokak 325
Hindoostan 4240 50
I. U. (Defd.) 2/10/6
I. U. (Ord.) 15/3 15/4/6 15/3/6
Indore 537/8 35 37/8
Kohinoor 642 44 41 43 41
Morarji 510
Model 205
New City 200
New Great 185 86
Podar 197/8
Simplex 233 35 33 34
Swadeshi 636 38 36 37
Swan 356
Tata Mills 70/4 70/8
Vishnu 312.8 10

BANKS.

Baroda 155/4
Central 86/4 85/12 86
Habib 152 51/8
Imperial (Old) 2047/8
India 226
Reserve 109/8 10

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 111/14 13/2
Hydro 157
Power 1505
New India 69/12 70 69/8 70
Vulcan 12/2 11/15

STEAMER.

Scindia 28/4 28/5 28/2

STEEL.

B. Steel 24/6 24/8 24/5
I. Iron 29/4 29/8 29/5
Tata (Defd.) 1650 56/4 52/8 56/4 50 52/8
Tata (Ord.) 326 27 26
Tata (II Pref.) 140 39/8 40

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 331/4 30 31/4
A. C. C. (Old) 173/4 73 73/12 73
A. C. C. (New) 110/8 11/4 10/4 11/4
Belapur 340 31/8 41
B. B. (Old) 455 51/4 55
B. B. (New) 155 58/12 56/4
B. B. Petrol 2/10 2/11 2/9
I. Bleaching 169 68 68/8
P. Const. 238 39 37/8 38 35/8
Tata Chem. 16 15/14 15/15
Wimco 278/12 77/8

SPECIAL.

Central Bank (New) 87/4 87 87/8
Ahmedabad Elec. (New) 108/12 9/6
Colaba Coupon 52 50
Ahmedabad Renunciation Form 0/12/0 0/6/0
Mckenzie 90
Industrial & Prudential Ass. 29 29/4

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS, June 2 (API): Following are today's quotations in the Madras stock market.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA LOAN: Three per cent 1986 98/12; three per cent 1970/75 102/8; Government of Travancore loan three per cent 1952/54 104/1; Government of Madras loan three per cent 1960 100/12.

BANKS:—Travancore 23/10.

Plantings:—Chembras 5/9; Cochin Malabar 7/2; Devashola 18/6; Nelliampath 1/8; Malabar Industrial 16/-.

TEXTILES: Buckinghams 350; Cambodias 10/12; Coimbatore C M 91/8; Lakshmi 93/8; Madura 41/4; Metturs 336; Radhakrishna 146; Rajalakshimi 60/8; Ranga Vilas 51/12; Trav Rayons 4/15; Trichinopoly 12/12; Loyal Textiles Ordy. 27/4.

MISCELLANEOUS:—Facts 6/4/6; Mettur Chem. 8/12

LONDON WHEAT.

London, June 1.

London Australian Wheat unoffered.

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, June 2.

The local cotton market opened firm and continued to improve with moderate professional support. The heavy losses of the last week-end were partially covered up and prices looked up to better levels.

July opened five points higher at Rs. 712 and advanced upto Rs. 722 without any set-back under persistent buying. September reached Rs. 725 level after opening at Rs. 717.

Owing to the death of a broker the market closed at 2-30 p.m. today. The closing tone of the market was firm. Following were the closing quotations:

July	Rs. 720
September	724

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, June 2.

The local Produce market ruled quiet with moderate business passing. Castor-seeds July dwindled down to Rs. 142-2 after opening around Rs. 143. Linseed was steady whereas groundnuts experienced a slight decline. Following were the closing quotations:

GROUNDNUTS:—

	Rs.	As.
Khandesh quality	35	0
Coromandal ready	34	4
Bold ready	33	12
June-July	33	
CASTORSEEDS:—		
Ready	30	0
September	142	2
LINSEEDS:—		
Ready	26	14
July	27	0
OILS:—		
Groundnut ready	19	0
Groundnut July	19	0
Linseed Oil	16	8
Castorseed First Pressing	20	2
Castorseed Commercial quality	18	4

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Weekly Statement

The following is the weekly statement of affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department, as on May 28 last:—

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:	
(a) Central Government of	
(1) India	230,10,20,000
(2) Pakistan	62,48,45,000
(b) Other Government in	
(1) India	23,38,06,000
(2) Pakistan	6,02,92,000
(c) Banks	102,09,18,000
(d) Others	44,81,03,000
Bills Payable	1,91,66,000
Other Liabilities	17,41,98,000
Total Rs.	498,23,48,000

ASSETS.

	Rs.
Notes:	
(a) India	21,62,73,000
(b) Pakistan	22,000
Rupee Coin:—	
(a) India	12,00,000
(b) Pakistan	9,000
Subsidiary Coin:—	
(a) India	1,44,000
(b) Pakistan	4,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	5,00,000
(b) External	.....
(c) Government Treasury Bills	1,87,04,000
Balances held abroad	4,15,45,75,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	
(a) In India	.....
(b) In Pakistan	18,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	.....
Investments	52,95,06,000
Other Assets	5,96,06,000
Total Rs.	4,98,23,48,000

Following is the account for the week ended May 28 last as prepared by the Issue Department:—

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	
(a) India Notes	21,62,73,000
(b) Pakistan Notes	22,000
Notes in circulation:	
(a) India Notes	13,00,60,24,000
(b) Pakistan Notes	28,24,82,000
Total Notes issued	13,50,48,01,000
Total Liabilities	13,50,48,01,000

ASSETS.

	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000
(b) Held outside India	.....
Sterling Securities	11,35,32,89,000
Total of A	11,79,74,34,000
B. Rupee Coin:	
(a) India	39,08,98,000
(b) Pakistan	3,80,64,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	1,27,84,05,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial Paper	.....
Total Assets	13,50,48,01,000

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD June 2.

Market moved narrowly. General trend being uncertain.

Calico opened 1295; Highest 1302; Lowest 1293; Closed 1295

Ambika Opened 439; Highest 444; Lowest 438; Closed 444.

Arvind Opened 1738; Highest 1751; Lowest 1735; Closed 1750.

Defferd Opened 1648; Highest 1654; Closed 1650.

Closing quotations: Arvind 1750; Ambika 4444; Calico 1295; Jupiter 420; Marsden 190; Monogram 185; Defferd 1650; New National (XD) 540; Rohit 535; Ajit 442-8.

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, June 2

The local Bullion Market ruled in the absence of any support from the buyers. There was scattered liquidation in both the metals which gave the prices a downward trend.

Forward Silver opened at Rs. 167-4 and declined to Rs. 166-2 under heavy selling pressure. With fresh support however the quotation looked up to Rs. 166-12. Spot Silver was placed five annas higher.

Forward Gold declined to Rs. 114-2 after opening at Rs. 115. With moderate support at this level the price steadied around Rs. 115-5. Ready Gold was quoted 14 annas higher.

The two—sided movement continued in the afternoon, and following continued liquidation forward Gold went down to Rs. 13-13 to recover again under renewed bull support. Forward Silver also improved to Rs. 167-8. The market closed quitly steady as under:—

	Rs.	
Forward Silver	Rs.	167 8
Spot Silver		167 13
Forward Gold		115 6
Spot Gold		116 2

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, June 2.

	Rs	as	p.
2-1|4 p.c. 1954	98	12	0
2-1|4 p.c. 1950	101	2	0
2-1|2 p.c. 1961	96	13	0
2-3|4 p.c. 1948-52	100	1	0
2-3|4 p.c. 1960	99	15	0
2-3|4 p.c. 1962	99	15	0
2-3|4 p.c. 1976	98	14	0
3 p.c. non-Terminable	98	11	0
3 p.c. 1986 Con.	98	12	0
3 p.c. 1949-52	101	6	0
3 p.c. 1951-54	102	3	0
3 p.c. 1953-56	102	9	0
3 p.c. 1957	101	12	0
3 p.c. 1959-61	101	10	0
3 p.c. 1970|75	99	13	0
3-1|2 p.c. 1954-59	105	7	0
4 p.c. 1948-53	101	8	0
4 p.c. 1960-70	111	0	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1958-68	116	0	0
3-1|2 p.c. 1955-60	113	0	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS.			
2-3|4 p.c. U. P. 1961	98	0	0
2-3|4 p.c. Madras 1961 ..	98	0	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1955	101	14	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1958	101	12	0
3 p.c. Madras 1952-53 ..	100	6	0
3 p.c. Punjab 1952	98	14	0
3 p.c. U. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 p.c. C. P. 1952	100	6	0
4 p.c. N. W. F. 1952 ..	99	10	0
4 p.c. U P. 1961-66	100	0	0
3 p.c. Bombay Port Trust	111	0	0
4 p.c. Bombay Municipality City	111	0	0
4 p.c. Bombay Municipality 1959	115	0	0
6 p.c. Municipality 1954.	117	0	0
3-1|4 p.c. New Municipal 1977	101	0	0
6 p.c. K. P. T.	112	0	0

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, June 1.

July 2.33.
Sept. 2.32-1/8.
December 2.32-1/2.
May 2.30-1/2.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, June 2.

S C Rates I I D D 1/8 15/16 Ready
B C Rates T T D D 1/8 29/32 up to 6 Months
London Banks Selling T I D D 1/8 31/32 Ready
London Banks Selling I T D D 1/8 15/16 up to 6 Months
London Banks Buying I I 1/8 1/32 to 9th Month
London Banks Buying I T 1/8 1/16 10th-12th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/8 1/16 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/8 3 32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/8 1 8 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/8 1/8 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/8/5/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/8 3/16 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/8 5/32 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/8 3/16 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/8 1/32 7th and 9th Month
New York and Montreal S C Rates I T Rs 332 1/4
Banks Selling T I D D Rs 332 1/4
Banks Buying T I Rs 330
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 1/4
Montreal Rs 328 1/2
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328
Montreal Rs 328 3/4 L/O
Paris Banks Selling T T Frs. 6400
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Frs 6500
Amsterdam Banks Selling T I D D Fl 49
Belgium Banks Selling I I D D Frs 1300
Java Banks Selling I I D D—79
Hongkong Banks Selling T I D D Rs. 84
Singapore Banks Selling T I D D Rs. 157 1/2
Manila Bank Selling T I D D Rs. 165 1/4
New York-London Cross Rate Doc 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4
London/Afghanistan Cross rate Afghani Rs. 62.57-63.43
London Alexandra Fls 97 1/4-3/4
London Amsterdam Fl 10.68-70
London Bangkok Ty. 40
London Belgium Frs. 176 1/2-3/4
London Denmark Kr. 19.32-36
London Hongkong 1/3 1/16
London Iran Rl. 128-130
London Java Fl 10.68-70
London Lisbon Es. 99-80-100.20
London Manila Pes. 8.09-8.14
London Montreal Dol 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4
London New York Dol 4.02 3/4
London Oslo Kr. 19.98 20.02
London Paris Frs. 863.40-864.60
London Prague K. 201-202
London Singapore 2/4 7/32-1/2
London Stockholm Kr. 14.47-50
London Switzerland Frs 17.34-36
London Syria 680-6
Gold London £8-12-3
Gold New York $35
Silver London 45
Silver New York 74 5/8
London Discts 3 Mos 9/16 per cent
London Discts 6 Mos. 5/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent. Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1/2 per cent, 3 Mos. 3/4 per cent, 6 Mos. 1 per cent, 12 Mos. 1-1/2 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

NEW YORK COTTON FEATURELESS

Early Steadiness Gives Way To A Drifting Tendency

Limited Trading On Stock Exchange

NEW YORK, June 1.

The early steadiness gave way to a drifting tendency with dribbles of liquidation influenced in cotton by export uncertainties, favourable crop news and current crop ideas about ten per cent higher. The continued dullness of the cotton textiles markets was an additional bullish deterrent. Pressure eventually subsided and the market steadied around the low levels.

Routine trade demands and dribbles of price fixing operations, maintained a relatively steady undertone. Otherwise the market was featureless with traders generally awaiting fresh developments, notably in connection with the export situation. The session closed steady. Sales are estimated at 135,000 bales.

Prices in stocks drifted in limited trading, changes eitherway mainly fractional and gains in slight majority including selected steels, motors, oils, minings, farm implements and textiles. The averages were Industrials 191.14 and rail 60.71.

In the afternoon the industrial average registered a new high level for 1948 with group gains covering one dollar or more but elsewhere price changes were fractionally mixed.

Oils featured trading reflecting talk of another crude oil price advance. Steels were well maintained with ingot operations this week scheduled to be little changed despite the holiday.

Increased profit-taking reduced or erased earlier gains among motors, chemicals, electric, manufacturings, buildings and aircrafts. The industrial average, however, still finished around a new 1948 high level with the composite average rate slightly better on the day. The market closed irregular.

CHICAGO GRAINS.

Earlier firmness under the leadership of food grains reflecting complaints of dryness in Iowa latterly met profit-taking. Wheat turned easy in later dealings reflecting private reports that crop prospects were improved by the recent rains in the south-west and rather liberal quantities of new wheat moving out of the south-west.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, June 1.

July	37.08—07
October	33.65—01
December	33.04+02
March	32.87+14
Middling Spot	38.83—09

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, June 1.

July	37.05+03
October	33.59+02
December	33.06+06
March	32.85+19
Middling Spot	38.00+06

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, June 1.

American Telephone and Telegraph	157-1/2
Amerex Holding Co.	27
Anaconda Copper Mining	40-1/2
Chase National Bank	37
Sinclair Oil	26-7/8
Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co.	49-1/4
General Electric Co.	41-5/8
General Motors	63-1/2
Ingersoll Rand	152
International Nickel	31-3/8
National City Bank of New York	41-1/4
New York Central Railroad Co.	16-1/2
Socony Vacuum Corporation	20-3/8
Texas Corporation	64-1/8
Union Carbide New Stocks	42-1/8
U S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	57-3/4
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	79-1/4
Western Union Telegraph	25

NEW YORK SILVER.

NEW YORK, June 1.

U. S. price of Foreign Silver 74-5/8 cents.

LONDON BULLION.

LONDON, June 1.

Gold Bars fine per ounce £8-12-3.
Silver: Spot and Forward both 45 pence

LONDON BULLION.

London, June 1.

London Silver Spot and Forward 45d. London Gold £8/12/3.

SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS & EXPORTS

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, June 2.

S. S. CLAN MACILWRATH

FROM GLASGOW: 921 c.s Scotch whisky, 270 bgs. Boiler logging, 30 dms. Aniline dyes, 279 bgs steel nails, 34 c s Atlas copies, 189 bgs Rose nails, 44 b s Paper, 93 bgs Bolts and Nuts, 30 b s Flax canvas, 24 c s Aluminium sheets, 180 bgs cut steel nails 200 c.s smoke generaters.

FROM LIVERPOOL: 37 c's Diesel engines, 515 bdls black Enamer wire, 50 c's Electric stons, 888 bgs sulphate of copper, 5010 bdls steel hooks, 127 c s sanitary ware, 100 bdls steel tubes, 100 bgs sulphate of alumina, 100 dms boiler solution, 48 dms solid zinc chloride, 80 bgs black nuts, 48 c's umbrella ribs, 124 c's window glass, 50 c s electric machinery, 54 c s boat protectors, 150 bdls steel beam flanges, 50 c's Rayon yarn, 108 c.s Padal cycles, 80 c.s zinc dust, 40 b s cotton P. Goods, 325 c.tns table salt, 50 c s machinery, 25 c.s bobbins.

FROM PORT SUDAN: 279 bgs gum talha.

S. S. DACHESTAN

FROM ST. JOHN N. B.: 176 c's aluminium foils, 25 c's brass hardware, 26 c's wooden bobbins, 96 bdls springs, 300 bgs douchnut musture 75 boxes aluminium sheets, 440 boxes auto parts, 25 b s beltings, 1,000 dms carbide of calcium, 1680 crates acetic acid, 1746 rolls news print paper.

S. S. GROOTEKERK.

From Rotterdam:—2500 cases sweetened condensed milk.

From Naples:—350 bags unshelled almonds.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORTS.

S. S. EXCELSIOR.

To Aden:—25 bags dry ginger—P. T. Vakharia.

To New York:—444 bags myrabolams—The General Trading Co.

S. S. FIROZA.

To Karachi:—10 bags hirakasni—A. H. Abdulla; 14 cases art silk piecegoods—Bajaj Bros. Ltd.; 33 cases art silk piecegoods—M. Premji and Co.; 500 bdls jaggery—D. H. G. H. Peermohmed; 2500 bdls jaggery—H. S. H. Mohmed; 31 bales hand loom cotton piecegoods—New India African Co. Ltd.; 12 cases cotton hosiery—P. Ghelabhai and Co.

S. S. CALEDONIA.

To Liverpool:—82 bales cotton piecegoods—R. Morarji and Co.

S. S. NORMAN MONARCH.

To Rangoon:—6 bales cotton piecegoods—Yakoob Ahmed Bros.

S. S. VIRGIN MAY.

To Karachi:—20 bags cotton waste —S. Kantilal and Co.

S. S. SILVER RIAR.

To Hongkong:—200 bags talc powder—Shaw Wallace and Co. Ltd.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

"BADARPUR" arrived from Abadan, on June 1, with 10977 tons of (F.O.-L.P.O.-M.D.O.(oil. (Burmah Shell.)

"VITA" arrived from Karachi, on June 1, with 459 passengers, and 2196 tons of salt and general cargo. (M.M.).

"BHARAT KUMAR" arrived from Tuticorin, on June 1, with 1010 tons of cargo. (Bharat Line).

"ARONDA" arrived from Durban, on June 1, with 557 passengers and 1249 tons of cargo. (M.M.)

"JALAGANGA" arrived from Calcutta on June 1, with 87 tons of wooden poles. (Scindia).

"NERITINA" arrived from Abadan, on June 2 in ballast (Burmah Shell).

SAILINGS

"BARPETA" sailed for Basrah, on June 1, with 688 passengers and 579 tons of cargo.

"SAN ZOTICO" sailed for Abadan, on June 1, in ballast.

"BURHAVEN" sailed for Calcutta, on June 2, in ballast.

Worth Street Trading Moves Slowly

NEW YORK, June 1, (U. P. A.): Trading moved slowly on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth market today after the long week-end holiday. Interest was given to the usual weekly check-up on inventory and sales positions along with production schedules. Converters continued to report price resistance among their clientele with buyers holding back in the hope of further levelling off in the price structure.

Wool Tops Close Steady To Two Lower

NEW YORK, June 1, (UPA): Wool tops closed steady to two points lower on the New York market today.

Closing prices included: June 198.5 nom.; July, 199—200.05; October, 199—199.5; December, 198.3—199; March, 195.5—196; May, 194—195; July, 193.5—194.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, June 1

	£
Consols 2-1/2 p c (ex. div.)	76
Conversion Loan 2-1/2 p c 1961	106-1/8
War Loan 3-1/2 p c 1952 and after	102-7/8
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	112-7/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg)	123
National Bank of India	39

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 7,955.

Gasperi Formulates 8-Point Programme

ROME, June 1 (Reuter): Signor Alcide de Gasperi, the Italian Prime Minister, announced an eight-point programme for his new Government when Parliament opened here today.

The points were: (1) The use of Marshall aid through a plan that would not affect private enterprise.

(2) The readjustment of the interval financial situation and defence of the Lira through increased saving and continued encouragement for the investment of foreign capital in Italy.

(3) Agrarian reforms based on reducing to the minimum the number of farm labourers, turning them into small farmers through the redistribution of land from big estates.

(4) The emigration policy now being worked out in talks with other countries, especially Britain, on large-scale development works in Central Africa.

(5) Expansion of the education programme including the setting up of 10,000 new State schools for the fight against illiteracy.

(6) The Government to continue its present foreign policy, collaborating in full with the European organisation favouring European economic cooperation as in the Italian French Customs Union.

The Premier said the British, French and the United States proposal for the return of Trieste was a sign of renewed confidence in Italy.

He also hoped for an understanding on the part of the "Big Four" regarding Italy's former colonies.

(7) A series of social reforms and public works projects, aimed at fighting unemployment, giving the workers a higher living standard and inviting the Confederazion Generale Italinadel Lavore (Italian TUC) to cooperate.

CLASHES IN MULTAN

MULTAN, June 2 (A.P.I.): One man was killed in a clash here between Multan residents and refugees. It is stated in a quarrel between a refugee boy and a local Muslim. A Muslim League worker intervened, but the refugees attacked the League worker, killing him. The League workers father and brother were also attacked and received injuries.

Earlier, another clash between the refugees and the local people had taken place outside Haram gate in which many persons were injured.

To improve the deteriorating relations between the refugees and the local residents a joint meeting of the workers of the Muslim League and prominent refugees is being convened here.

MUTT AND JEFF—Anyway It Beats Ping Pong On A Rainy Day — By BUD FISHER

WHERE WERE YOU, JEFF?
OVER TO MY GIRL ENCEE'S BIRTHDAY PARTY!
DID YOU HAVE FUN?
OH, LOTS OF FUN! I WAS IN CHARGE OF THE GAMES!
WHAT GAMES DID YOU PLAY?
POST OFFICE!
POST OFFICE? THAT'S A CHILDISH GAME!
?
NOT THE WAY I PLAY IT, IT AIN'T!

WHEN you feel hot one minute and cold the next, and that shivery feeling of cold or chill runs through your body—quick, hurry for the 'Mentholatum.' Put some of this breathable balm on your chest and throat and rub it well into the skin. 'Mentholatum' goes right through the skin to where the pain and soreness is. It draws out the inflammation and soon you begin to feel warm and comfortable. Also put 'Mentholatum' in your Nose so that its healing vapours are inhaled into your breathing passages. Colds and chills go quickly with this double action. Get a jar of 'Mentholatum' to-day. It is sold by all up-to-date dealers.

MENTHOLATUM

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GRANTS-IN-AID FOR MUNICIPALITIES

Bombay Government Measures For Strengthening Their Financial Position

With a view to strengthening the financial position of the Municipalities in the Province, the Government of Bombay has, in addition to the offer of greater financial aid suggested various measures, which, if fully implemented, will go a long way in meeting the financial difficulties of the Municipalities.

As a result of the orders issued by the Government in this connection, all Municipalities, except the Municipalities of Ahmedabad, Surat, Poona City, Sholapur and Hubli will be paid grants-in-aid equal to 50 per cent of the expenditure incurred by them on payment of dearness allowance to their entire staff, including the sanitary staff.

Similarly, all Municipalities, including the Municipalities of Ahmedabad, Surat, Poona City, Sholapur and Hubli, will also be paid grants equal to 75 per cent of the non-agricultural assessment and 15 per cent of the land revenue, excluding non-agricultural asssessment realised during the previous year in their respective areas.

The grants mentioned above will be paid for one year, namely, from April 1, 1948, to March 31, 1949, and will be continued therafter, only if the Municipalities increase their revenue by an equal amount, by additional taxation.

HOW TO INCREASE REVENUE

The Government considers that the municipalities can increase their revenue in several ways. It has been noticed that, when assessment lists are revised from time to time, properties are under-assessed with the result that substantial income from this source is lost to the municipalities. With a view to assisting them in this task of proper valuation and assessment, the Government has directed the Commissioners to depute in each district an officer of the rank of a Mamlatdar, with no local interest, for this work. This officer will be appointed in turn by each Municipality, priority being given to the Municipalities whose financial position is bad. Another officer of a status not lower than that of a Mamlatdar will also be deputed in each district to hear objections and fix the assessments finally.

The Municipalities, who will delegate the necessary powers to these officers, will then be asked to give effect to the decisions of the Special Officers. It is being made clear to the Municipalities, that if the decisions of these Special Officers are not fully carried out, the Government will consider the question of withholding voluntary grants payable by the Government.

20 P. C. CONSOLIDATED TAX.

The Government has also noticed that the rates of property taxes vary considerably from Municipality to Municipality; in some cases they being as low as 6 1/4 per cent of the annual letting value. There are also instances of unjustifiable variation in the rates of house-tax in Municipalities in the same District. The Government has, therefore, directed that the Municipalities should levy a consilidated tax on buildings and lands of not less than 20 per cent of their annual letting value or 1.5 per cent of their capital value. This consolidated tax will take the place of the following taxes: (a) House tax; (b) General Sanitary cess; (c) General Water rate; (d) Lighting tax; and (e) Educational cess.

In the alternative, Municipalities can continue to levy the taxes mentioned above separately, provided their total incidence is not less than 20 per cent of the annual letting value or 1.5 per cent of the capital value. In either case, the rate or rates on business premises will be 50 per cent more than on other classes of premises.

FULL COST FOR SPECIAL SERVICES.

The Government considers that special services of the municipalities, like special conservancy and special arrangements for supply of water in buildings should be made self-supporting. The Municipalities have, therefore, been instructed to revise the rates of the special water rate and the special sanitary cess, so as to cover the full cost of these services. The Government has also directed that there should be no exemption from the general water rate when a special water rate is levied.

OCTROI ON 'AD VALORUM' BASIS

Several municipalities are still levying octroi or terminal tax by weight, instead of on 'ad valorem' basis. The Government has asked the municipalities to levy octroi or terminal tax on an 'ad valorem' basis in all possible cases in which this practice is not being followed at present, as this will give the Municipalities additional income in view of the appreciation of prices of all kinds of articles, which has occurred during the last few years.

The Government has suggested the imposition of a cycle tax by the Municipalities. This would bring in appreciable revenue, especially in the case of bigger Municipalities.

TAX ON PROFESSIONS.

The levy of a Profession Tax, as in the Province of Madras, on every Company and on every person engaged in any profession or calling has also been suggested by the Government. The tax yields substantial revenue and the Government desires that the municipalities in the Province of Bombay should examine the feasibility of levying this tax and should formulate the necessary detailed proposals wherever possible.

INDIAN EDITORS ABROAD

A luncheon was given in honour of the leading newspaper representatives in England, at the Holborn Restaurant last week. Picture on the left shows Mr. D. N. Pritt and Mr. S. A. Brelvi chatting and on the right are Mrs. and Mr. Devdas Gandhi.

MAKE INDIA STRONG

Dewan Chamanlal's Plea At B.P.C.C. Reception

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Speaking at a reception accorded to him at the Congress House this evening, Dewan Chamanlal, Ambassador-designate of India to Turkey, exhorted people of India to carry Gandhiji's message of peace and non-violence to other countries.

Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee wishing the Ambassador-designate, success in his mission said that Dewan Chamanlal was a "popular and charming personality. He was a politician, Statesman, laobur leader and great journalist.

Dewan Chamanlal referred to problems confronting the country and paid tribute to the three great leaders of India Pandit Nehru, Sardar Patel and Maulana Azad who were shaping the destiny of India. He appealed to his countrymen to work to strengthen India so that the next generation would see their country prosperous and strong.

He added that their task was not only to make India strong internally but ennance her status in the comity of nations. He said that they should aspire to become peaceful citizens of the world working for peace and brotherhood.

M. H. De Limairal, Consul for France, Mr. Orhan N. Eroi, Consul-General for Turkey and Anmed Fatay Radwan, Consul for Egypt, attended the reception.

Our London Letter

INDIAN EDITORS' PARLEY WITH REUTERS

Brelvi Meets Diplomats; Is Menon Marked For New Job?

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON.

It is yet too early to say what will be the outcome of the negotiations Indian editors are having with Reuters. There is little doubt about the intense desire on both sides, to reach agreement.

Editors have individualistic minds, but I hope they will be able to present a united front to Reuters, for only then will they be able to strike the best bargain. Men who wield the pen are not usually good at business. But most of the members of the Indian delegation are more managers than editors. Some of them are very shrewd businessmen. The interests of Indian newspapers could not have been placed in safer hands.

The Indian editors have brought their families here. Negotiations take up most of their time but some have managed to visit night clubs, of course, escorted by their families. They were present at a tea party at 10 Downing Street and at a Foreign Correspondents' dinner. Correspondents know that in this world there are good editors and bad; there are bad editors and worse; an editor may be a cad and an editor may be a curse. But they had no doubt after a little chat with Indian editors, that they would compare not unfavourably with editors in any other country.

* * *

Mr. S. A. Brelvi returned to London after a quick visit to Scotland where the party for secession from Britain is gaining strength. Two receptions have already been arranged in his honour. At one of these he met representatives from the Turkish, Czechoslovak and Yugoslav embassies. They had heard of the role of the "Chronicle" in India's struggle for freedom But they did not suspect till they met Mr. Brelvi that the "Chronicle" lion was a gentle lamb.

Sir Frederick James, paid a glowing tribute to the study independence of the "Chronicle" which never flinched from expressing views which might not be popular at the moment.

* * *

Mr. Brelvi has no doubt that one day India will occupy her place among the great countries of the world. He did not mean greatness in the sense the West understood. He did not measure greatness in terms of territorial mileage or even material riches. He wants India to be great in the sense that Buddha and Gandhi wanted.

Among other things Mr. Brelvi has noted the total absence of Indian news in the British press, and has suggested the publication of an Indian owned newspaper in London. This, he said, is necessary if India intended to influence foreign opinion and interpret Indian news and policies to the common people of the world.

The idea is fairly fascinating though in the present context of news print shortage and high printing costs it might not be workable. A couple o years ago I went into the question of production costs of a small-size Indian daily from London. We found the minimum cost for a single copy would be one shilling. This did not include the cost of news service. The attempt had to be given up.

* * *

The recent visit of High Commissioner Menon to India has led to a crop of rumours. It is suggested that the visit is preliminary to his transfer to Mocow, or his appointment as the Governor of West Bengal. Delhi's intentions cannot be divined from this end. But it would not act wisely if it transfers Mr. Menon while he is still in the midst of the not very easy work of giving a NEW LOOK to India House. Even his critics of whom the number is not small would concede that he has shown rare zeal in the discharge of his duties.

Transfers of diplomats may be advantageous in certain circumstances but effected in a hurry or too frequently, may easily prove too harmful. Undoubtedly Mr. Menon has many virtues. But placed in the position of a constitutional Govrnor, he would be like a fish out of water. The dynamic personality of Mr. Menon cannot be reduced to a symbol. Mr. Menon can be at his best only in a place which provides immense activity and abundant scope for his initiative.

MOVE TO HARNESS WATERS OF NARBADA & TAPTI

Bombay And Gujerat States Evince Keen Interest In Multi—Purpose Projects

BOMBAY, June 2 (API): Three Executive Engineers and their selected staff are now understood to be engaged in a preliminary ground survey of a number of sites for locating the multi-purpose projects on the Narbada and the Tapti Rivers in Gujerat and C.P.

According to the plan under investigation by the Central Waterways, Irrigation and Navigation Commission, these multi-purpose projects, when completed, will control the recurrent floods in the Narbada and the Tapti, help to develop irrigation of a million acres of land in this area, promote navigation on the rivers and generate power to the extent of a million kilowatts.

UNCONTROLLED FLOODS

The two rivers proving of late a great menace to life and property due especially to their uncontrolled floods in monsoon months, the Government of Bombay approached CWINC for guidance on the possibilities of developing them on a multi-purpose basis. This request was seconded by the Government of C. P. and Berar, whereupon Sardar Man Singh, Director of Waterways CWINC, was deputed to make an initial survey of the possibilities.

It has been calculated that the maximum discharge of the Tapti is about 100,000 cusecs, which is of the same order of the discharge of the Tennessee river in the U.S.A. The Narbada has probably a discharge which is 1.5 to 2.5 times as large.

Besides the Government of India and the Government of Bombay and the Central Provinces, about 15 States now in the process of merger are interested in the Narbada-Tapti project.

SITES IN C.P.

The schemes on the sites selected in C.P. territory relate to the headwaters of the Narbada, the Tapti, the Wai Ganga and the Mahanadi in that Province. It is proposed that CWINC will carry out all investigations and that the schemes will be executed by the Government of C.P. and Berar in close co-operation with CWINC.

The investigation on the rivers in Bombay below their headwaters in C.P. is being carried out by Division engineers under the general direction of senior officers of the Bombay Government.

SEEK NO SPECIAL PRIVILEGES

Gadgil's Advice To Government Servants

SIMLA, June 2 (API): Mr. N.V. Gadgil, Minister for Works, Mines and Power, Government of India, addressing about 600 workers of Government of India Press, Simla, said: Government servants have a right to form associations to represent their grievances, but if they insist on a standard of living unrelated to the standard of living in the country, they will be asking to be constituted as a privileged class. This cannot be valid in any democratic country".

Earlier he said: "I should indeed feel sorry to know that you still feel that there is conflict of interests between you and the Government. The moral title of this Government to office in authority is based on the consent of the people to the extent to which this Government carries out generally the expressed direction of the Indian public. Government servants being what they are, he said, cannot have the same privilege of going on strike as any private employment".

Mr. Gadgil met informally the officers of the Central Electricity Commission in Simla.

Mass Exodus Of Sind Hindus

EVACUATION FROM DISTRICTS

Sequel To Relaxation Of Permit System

KARACHI, June 2 (UPI): "The Sind Observer" has revealed that the relaxation in the permit system has again resulted in exodus of the Hindus from the interior and that so far in recent days, 45,000 Hindus from Warah, 25,000 from Shahdadkot, 23,000 from Rattodero have left for India. According the paper, still more are leaving every day.

The paper further reveals that in the Sukkur District, about 75 per cent from Shikarpur, 95 per cent from Garhiyasin, 98 per cent from Rohro and surrounding areas have left the Hindustan. In Jacobad district, about 80 per cent Hindus have evacuated and in the district of Dadu, except 10,000 all the Hindus have evacuated and the rest are awaiting permits to leave Pakistan. At Tharparkar, most of the Hindus have left and a very small per centage is left. In Hyderabad (Sind) only a few families are left, the rest have migrated to India.

About Karachi paper, "The Sind Observer" writes: "There are only 20 Hindus in the proper Jujawal town and about hundred in the Tatta and Bathore talukas in the Karachi District".

PROTEST AGAINST KARACHI SEPARATION

A protest meeting of the students was held here yesterday under the presidentship of Haji Moulana Baksh, M.L.A. and brother of the late Allah Baksh, against "the undemocratic method" of separating Karachi fromSind. The meeting adopted a resolution warning the Pakistan Government of "grave implications". The meeting also appointed a Committee of Action of five members to implement their decisions.

A resolution demanding resignation of the three Sindhi members from the Pakistan Constituent Assembly in protest, and also calling upon the Sindhis "to rise to the occasion to establish Sindhis legitimate and rightful claim on Karachi", was also adopted by the meeting.

1,000 Communists Arrested In N. Malabar

PUBLIC SUPPORT TO POLICE TO CHECK 'RED' MENACE

MADRAS, June 2 (API): The North Malabar police had arrested so far about 1,000 Communists in connection with the outbreak of violence in the District, stated Mr. K. Madhava Menon, Minister in charge of Prisons, interviewed on his return to Madras after a three-day tour in the affected areas of the district.

The Minister said that 106 of them had already been convicted while the rest who were now in Cannanore Jail were awaiting trial for crimes like arson, murder, loot and dacoity.

The Minister commended co-operation between the police and the public of the district in checking Communist menace and stated that the situation now "was absolutely under the control of authority". As an instance of public co-operation, he cited a certain place in Malabar where local people had organised themselves into defence volunteer corps and were helping the police in tracing wanted persons.

He added that there was a demand for more contingents of Malabar Special Police and this was receiving the attention of the Government.

NEED FOR INDO-U.S. CONCORD

'We Must Bring Two Great Nations Together", Says R.K. Nehru

NEW YORK, June 2, (Reuter): An appeal for closer relationship between the people of India and America was made here last night by Mr. R. K. Nehru, India's Minister and Charge d'Affaires in Washington, at a reception attended by prominent diplomats from over 20 centuries, distinguished representatives of the United Nations, leading Americans and Indians at present in the United States.

Mr. Nehru was one of four Indian diplomats for whom the India League of America had arranged the function. The others were Dr. P. P. Pillai, India's permanent representative at the United Nations, Mr. M. R. Masani, India's Minister to Brazil, and Mr. R. K. Saksena, Consul-General of India in New York.

Addressing several hundred guests in the crowded ballroom of the Gotham Hotel, Mr. Nehru declared: "For many years members of the India League and other friends of India in America had been playing the part of unofficial representatives of India in this country.

"Today we who are the official representatives of the new India, have been invited to meet them. We welcome the opportunity it gives us to profit by their experiences.

"Perhaps in the past there was not enough understanding and cooperation between our official representatives in this country and our friends in America. I can assure you that it is the keen desire of free India that there should be the closest understanding and co-operation between their official representatives in America and the people of the United States. Our objective is to promote the closest relationship and understanding between our two great nations.

Mr. J. J. Singh, President of the India League, told the guests that they had gathered to honour "four distinguished members of the India foreign service".

ONE WORLD OR NO WORLD

He said: "Not so long ago India was not officially represented in foreign countries. I think that was one of the crimes committed not only against the people of India but against people everywhere that the then rulers of India isolated India from the rest of the world.

MORE MEDICAL AID FOR BOMBAY VILLAGERS

Government To Start A Chain Of Hospitals

(From Our Correspondent.)

DAHANU, June 2.

With a view to extending medical facilities to villages in the province, the Government of Bombay has decided to open a number of hospitals in this province. The first of this kind will be started in Dahanu. Foundation stone for the hospital will be laid by Dr. M. D. Gilder, Minister, Public Health, on June 4.

Citizens of Dahanu have contributed a lakh of rupees towards the construction of this hospital which is estimated to cost about three lakhs.

The Government will bear not only the remaining cost of construction and equipment but will also undertake to bear all the recurring expenditure. The hospital, when constructed, will prove of great benefit to the people of Dahanu taluka the majority of whom are Adiwasis.

Mr. D. N. Wandrekar, Parliamentary Secretary, who watchfully guards the interests of Adiwasis will accompany Dr. Gilder.

First Cottage Hospital In Bombay Province

Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister for Public Health and Public Works, accompanied by Mr. D. N. Wandrekar, Parliamentary Secretary, will leave Bombay for Dahanu, on Friday, June 4, and return the same day. At Dahanu (District Thana) he will lay the foundation stone of Purushottam Lalji Adhiya Cottage Hospital and Maternity Home, at 2 p.m.

This cottage hospital is the first of its kind to be started under the Post-War Reconstruction Scheme at a cost of nearly four lakhs, out of which, about one lakh has been contributed by local residents. The hospital, as it is situated in the Adiwasi area, will be of great benefit to the Adiwasis of the neighbouring villages.

Truman On Nation-wide Tour

WASHINGTON, June 2 (Reuter):—President Truman will board a special train here tomorrow and set out on an 8,500 mile nation-wide tour.

Everyone here takes it for granted this is the President's campaign in the towns and prairies for re-election in November

FUTURE OF FRENCH INDIA POSSESSIONS

PONDICHERRY, June 2 (IPA)—An official of the French India Government revealed that the Government of India had agreed not to make any statement regarding French possessions in India, until such time as the French Government make a declarations, which, it is reported will be shortly made.

The French Constitution has on its statue a clause that any declaration has to be placed before the Parliament. Hence any statement made before would amount to a breach of Parliamentary Privilege.

It is expected a plebiscite may be held throughout French India possessions regarding their future.

Six Months For Shooting At Tenant

LAHORE, June 1 (API): Chaudhri Qadir Baksh, a Lahore Magistrate, today sentenced Mirza Hassan Beg of the 8th Punjab Regiment to 6 months' rigorous imprisonment on a charge of using firearms "injudiciously".

It is alleged that Mirza Hassan tried to intimidate a tenant of his grandmother by firing a shot which, however, missed aim

'WHITE AUSTRALIA' POLICY CONDEMNED

Goodwill Mission Called "A Mockery"

SINGAPORE, June 2 (Reuter): On the eve of the arrival of an Australian Goodwill Mission hostile comment has broken out in Singapore against the "white Australia" policy.

The Goodwill Mission is distributing in South-east Asia Relief and Education Supplies worth £400,000 together with scholarships for Australian universities.

The Mission, which is headed by Mr. W. Macmahon Ball, former Commonwealth Representative on the Allied Council in Tokyo, is now in Batavia and will arrive in Singapore on Friday.

Singapore newspapers today featured a statement by the influential progressive party denouncing the Mission as a "mockery" in view of "the shabby, shameful treatment" recently accorded to Malayans forcibly repatriated from Australia.

The Mission's gifts would be the "traditional 30 pieecs of silver" the party said. It added that Mission could not eradicate the ill feeling caused by the "white Australia" policy.

33 KILLED, 150 INJURED IN EXPLOSION

BERLIN, June 2 (Reuter): Thirty-three workers were killed and 150 seriously injured in an explosion at the Synthetic Petrol Works at Zeitz, near Halle, in the Soviet Zone, it was authoritatively learned here today.

SEVEN NAZI MEDICOS HANGED

NUREMBERG, June 2 (Reuter):—Seven former German medical leaders, including Dr. Karl Brandt, one of Hitler's personal physicians, were hanged today at Landsberg near Munich for murder, atrocities and other inhumane acts.

The charges arose from the Nazi genocide programme and so-called medical experiments in high altitude conditions, freezing, typhus and other "tests" at Dachau and other concentration camps.

REWARD FOR FIELD GALLANTRY

Scheme Extended To Merger States

The scheme for the grant of cash rewards to servicemen awarded decorations for gallantry in the field during World War II has been extended to servicemen hailing from the Deccan States (except Kolhapur State) which have been merged in the Province of Bombay.

In view of the above decision, the cash rewards which were sanctioned to the following five sevicemen, but which were subsequently withdrawn, will now be restored to them: (1) Hav. Maruthi More, I.D.S.M., M.L.I. (Reward of Rs. 7,500); (2) Sub. Tukaram Shewale, M.C., M.L.I. (Reward of Rs. 7,500); (3) Hav. Narayan Naikwade, I.D.S.M. (Reward of Rs. 7,500); (4) Hav. Shridhar Gaode, M.M. (Reward of Rs. 2,000); and L/Nk. Sonu Bagwe, M.M. (Reward of Rs. 2,000).

Hav. Hari Sawant of village Shivdaw in Sawantwadi State who has been awarded the Military Medal, will be paid a cash reward of Rs. 2,000. The amount will be held in trust by the Commissioner, Central Division, to be spent for the benefit of the decoree and his dependents.

Bombay Government's Directive To Officers

All officers and Departments have been asked by the Government of Bombay to take immediate steps to implement, in so far as they are concerned, the terms of the agreement reached between the Governments of India and Pakistan at the Inter-Dominion Conference held at Calcutta in April 1948.

The Government has also impressed upon all its officers the importance of implementing the agreement in the spirit in which the two Dominion Governments have reached it.

VIETNAM ON ROAD TO FREEDOM

National Flag To Fly On Public Buildings

PARIS, June 2 (Reuter): Saigon's public buildings will fly the new Vietnamese (Indo-Chinese) flag for the first time on Saturday, when talks between France and Vietnam will be resumed, the French press agency reported today from Saigon.

The ex-Emperor of Annam, Bao Dai, will continue his efforts to find an acceptable formula with Monsieur Emile Bollaert, French High Commissioner in Indo-China, on board a French cruiser in the Bay of Along.

"Vietnam" Bao Dai said, "now recovers her unity, which marks a decisive step on the road to liberty.

"France herself renounces her former spirit of conquest in recognising our Central Government."

He hoped that a unified Vietnam with true independence would take her place at the side of France in the comity of nations.

MOBILE LIBRARIES FOR AHMEDABAD

AHMEDABAD, June 2 (API)—The Ahmedabad Municipality has prepared the scheme of a mobile library at an intial cost of about Rs. 25,000 over and above the libraries it is running in the city.

Books will be taken by turn in different wards of the city in a motor van for being issued to the people for reading free of charge. The object is to make books more readily available to the people and train them to be good citizens.

The mobile library will be shortly opened by Mr. Nanabhai Bhatt, Education Minister of the Saurashtra Government.

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